The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 3. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1886. No. 73

Great Cash Sale
—OF—
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
For TWO WEEKS ONLY, Commencing on MONDAY, August 30.

$25 SUITS REDUCED TO $20 | $20 SUITS REDUCED TO $16
$16 " " $13 | $15 " " $12
$10 SUITS REDUCED TO $8.

As we expect our New Stock in about two weeks, we are determined to sell off our old stock regardless of cost. An inspection of our goods and prices solicited.

A. GILMORE, - - JOHNSON STREET.

Wanted.

Advertisements under this head, three insertions 50 cents: six insertions, 75 cents.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.—A NURSERY BUSINESS. Good chance for a practical man. Apply at Nursery, corner of Queen's Avenue and Cedar Hill road. aug24 1m

FOR SALE.—About 50 acres of excellent land along the line of Island Railway, suitable for all purposes and near to proposed Railway Station. Plenty of water on the property. Address "FARMER," TIMES Office. aug 21

FOR SALE.—First-class Saloon in the centre of Victoria, now doing a good business. The proprietor is about retiring. Apply at this office. aug 3

FOR SALE.—A paying Hotel business. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Address 'Hotel,' TIMES office. june14

MIDWIFERY

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. Diplomas and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street over Bonnell's grocery store. m r13

FOR SALE,
Forty Young Horses,
Good Workers and in good condition.
ALSO, A NUMBER OF
Carts, Wagons and Harness.
Can be seen at Cowichan, near the wharf.
aug19 DELL, LARKIN & PATERSON.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

ONE of the best farms in Cowichan District comprising 160 acres of excellent land about 120 acres on the Flats and under cultivation which produces enormous crops of grain and roots. A great number of cattle, horses, hogs, poultry, etc., and all necessary farm implements including self-binder, mowers, etc. The owner also keeps a store and does a very good general business on the place. For further particulars and terms apply to the owner, Eureka Farm, Cowichan, B. C., or to Messrs. Fell & Co., Victoria. aug24-w

FOR SALE,
A PAYING BUSINESS
IN NEW WESTMINSTER for sale. Six Bedrooms, well furnished, Dining Room and Furniture, Kitchen, with Range, Cooking Utensils and Table Ware. Price $1200. Reasons for selling, old age and being unable to attend to the business. Address W., HERALD office, Vancouver. july10

FARMS FOR SALE.
THREE FIRST CLASS FARMS, situate in the best part of the Province; good frame houses and buildings; good roads. In vicinity of school, stores, Post Office and Churches, and steamboat accommodation. Price reasonable and terms easy. Address FARM, Times office, Victoria. aug13 1m

FARM FOR SALE.
Section 19 North, Range 1 West,
North Saanich District,
Containing about 100 Acres, with improvements thereon.
Apply to HARRISON & McLACHLAN
july 7 Government Street.

Arthur Churton,
FURS AND SKINS DRESSED,
BEAR, PANTHER, WOLF, COON, &c., a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. References if required.
Residence—2 Churchway, Humboldt Street. aug29 2m

MADAME WHARTON,
Planet Writer.
DESIRABLE AND USEFUL to all persons. Charges according to the value of the Planets written, the cost not exceeding $1. The day of the month and hour of the day required. Correspondents must enclose stamp when desiring a reply.
MADAME WHARTON,
Hair Store,
july16 Yates street, Victoria.

MRS. RISON,
DRESSMAKER,
ANNOUNCES to the Ladies of Victoria, that she has just arrived from San Francisco, with all the Latest Styles.
☞ FITTING A SPECIALTY.
Residence—Mrs. Beaven's, Pandora Avenue.
Aug 25th-2w

MISS L. DHU-RISON,
ARTIST.
LESSONS GIVEN IN OIL, WATER COLOR and Painting on Plush, Silk and Velvet. Also Drawing in Crayon and Sketching from nature.
RESIDENCE—MRS. BEAVEN'S, Pandora Avenue. aug5 2w

To Let.

TO LET—In the best part of James Bay, a good House, with fine Garden. Address A. N., TIMES office. sept 6

TO LET.—Ten minutes' walk from the Post Office, two pleasant, airy upper rooms, furnished, suitable for single gentlemen, with use of bath. Address "ROOMS," TIMES office. a30tm

TO RENT—A SMALL TENEMENT. The Furniture, which has only been in use a short time, will be sold at a bargain. Apply to Mrs. Corson, View street, 4th door above Cook; or to Mr. Corson, Victoria Boot and Shoe Manufactory. aug28 1m

Lost.

LOST—On Sunday, Aug. 29th, on the Goldstream road, a lady's black cashmere dolman. A suitable reward will be given by returning it to Mrs. Heed, Quadra street, two doors from Johnson. aug31

Meetings to be Held.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
sep 1-1y W. R. MASON, Secretary.

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. S. GRAY, President.

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every third Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7:30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. no5-t

Personal.

INFORMATION is wanted as to the whereabouts of Mr. PATRICK KING, who when last heard from was in the employ of the C. P. R. at Port Moody in the capacity of Bridge Carpenter. Some 18 or 19 months ago a rumor reached his friends in New York State that he, with a number of other workmen, were quarantined for small pox at Port Moody. He was formerly a resident of Brockport, Monroe County, New York. Since that time, 18 or 20 months since, his friends have received no tidings from him. Any person knowing anything of his whereabouts will relieve a widowed mother's anxiety for an absent son by communicating such information to the TIMES office, Victoria, or to R. MCDONALD, Tonawanda, New York State, U. S. july5

E. G. PRIOR,
—IMPORTER OF—
Iron, Steel,
HARDWARE
—AND—
Agricult'rl Machinery
Builders' Hardware,
Miners' Outfits,
Farm Wagons,
Plows, Harrows,
Mowers, Reapers
Twine Binders,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
GOVERNMENT ST., - VICTORIA.

OIL! OIL! OIL!
We beg to notify the public we have on hand a good quality of ILLUMINATING
Canadian Oil,
In Barrels or cases. Five Case lots, $3 per case: Thirty-five cents per Imperial gallon by the barrel. Also, a splendid article of
American Oil,
A New Brand—"The Trader's Foam," Cleveland, Ohio.
Five Case Lots, $3 35; liberal discount for larger quantities. The "Trader's Foam" is GUARANTEED EQUAL TO ANY OIL made from Petroleum.
HOLMES & TAYLOR,
Dealers in Oils, Candles & Axle Grease
Corner Yates and Broad Streets,
aug3

MUNICIPAL.
$20 REWARD
Will be paid to any one giving such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons damaging the Fountain on Douglas Street, or any of the Electric Light Masts or Poles in the city.
By order.
JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.
City Hall,
24th August, 1886. au29

GLADSTONE'S BROCHURE.

The G. O. M. Writes an Interesting Pamphlet on the Irish Question.

The History of "an Idea"—Lessons Drawn From the Elections.

Mr. Gladstone's *brochure* on the Irish question was published in London on the 28th ult. It contains fifty-eight pages, and is similar in the excellence of style to Mr. Gladstone's pamphlet on the Bulgarian atrocities. It is under two heads. The first is the "History of an Idea," in which the writer summarizes the following conditions under which alone, in his view, Home Rule may become possible. First, the abandonment of the hope that parliament could serve as a passable legislative instrument for Ireland; second, the unequivocal and constitutional demand of the Irish members; third, the possibility of dealing with Scotland in a similar way in circumstances of equal and equally clear desire.

Replying to the charges of Hartington and Chamberlain that he had conceived the idea precipitately, and to the charge of Bright that he had concealed it unduly, he denies that it is the duty of a minister to make known, even to colleagues, every idea forming in his mind, which would tend to confuse and retard instead of aiding business. He continues: "What is true is that I had not publicly and in principle condemned it, and also that I had mentally considered it, had neither adopted nor rejected it, and for the very simple reason that it was not ripe either for adoption or rejection."

Mr. Gladstone then goes on to point out that during all the earlier years of his public life, the alternatives were, repeal on the one hand, and on the other the relief of Ireland from grievances. It was not possible, he says, at that time to prognosticate how in a short time parliament would stumble to almost writhe under its constantly accumulating burdens or to pronounce that it would eventually prove incapable of meeting the wants of Ireland. Evidently there was a period when Irish patriotism, as represented by O'Connell, looked favorably upon this alternative policy, and had no fixed conclusion as to the absolute necessity for home government, and seemed to allow that measures founded in justice to Ireland might possibly suffice to meet the necessity of the case.

It was as early as 1871, Mr. Gladstone says, that he took the first steps towards placing the controversy on its true basis. He opposed Mr. Butt's scheme because the alternative described in the last paragraph had not been exhausted; but even at that time he did not close the door against a recognition of the question in a different state of things for, instead of denouncing the idea of Home Rule as one in its essence destructive of the unity of the empire, in the following words he accepted the assurance given to the country: "Let me do the promoters of the movement fullest justice, always speaking under the conviction, as they most emphatically declare, and as I fully believe them, that the union of these kingdoms under Her Majesty is to be maintained, but that Parliament is to be broken up." Similarly in 1874, Mr. Gladstone accepted, without qualification, the principle that Home Rule had no necessary connection with separation. Coming to the electoral campaign of 1885 Mr. Gladstone says his great object was to do nothing to hinder the prosecution of the question by the Tories, but to use his best efforts to impress the public mind with the importance and urgency of the question.

In the second portion of the pamphlet Mr. Gladstone begins drawing certain lessons from the elections as they effect the Liberal party. He estimates the loss to the Liberal party from the Unionists' schism at two-sevenths of the whole, but this fraction is distributed, he points out, very unequally among the classes. It has commanded five-sixths, he says, of the Liberal Peers, but no more than one-twentieth of the Liberal workingmen. Mr. G. points out that even now the Tories have failed to secure an absolute majority, and draws the final conclusion that at the first moment Liberalism is again united it must again become predominant in parliament.

Mr. Gladstone sees further ground for hope in the abatement that has already taken place in the Tory opposition. "We hear no more pot valiant language," he says, "no more of the Hottentots and no more of the famous twenty years during which parliament was to grant especial powers for firm government in Ireland, and at the end of which time in a larger or less degree of coercive laws might be repealed, and measures of local self-government be entertained."

Mr. Gladstone then goes on to point out that the Unionists are already pledged to an immediate and large concession—many of them on such a scale that they give to their death the name of Home Rule, declaring themselves favorable to its principle and only opposed to the awkward and perverse manner in which it was handled by the late administration." "Look at the question," Mr. Gladstone continues, "which way we will, the cause of Irish self-government lives and moves, and can hardly fail to receive more life and more propulsion from the hands of those who have been its successful opponents in one of its particular forms. It will arise as a wounded warrior sometimes arises on the field of battle and stabs to the heart some soldier of the victorious army who had been exulting over him."

Mr. Gladstone then, looks at the election from a geographical point of view. He points out that even in the case of England what we have is not really a refusal, but only a slower acknowledgement. The effect of all this on Ireland, he describes as follows: "All the currents of the political atmosphere, as between the two islands, have been cleansed and sweetened; for Ireland now knows what she never has known before, that even under her defeat a deep rift of division runs all through the English nation in her favor; that there is not throughout the land a parish or village where there are not hearts beating in unison with her heart, where there are not minds earnestly bent on the acknowledgement and permanent establishment of her claims by national existence. Under these happier circumstances what is there, Mr. Gladstone goes on to ask, in separation that would tend to make it advantageous to Ireland? As an island with many hundreds of miles of coast, with a weak marine and people far more than nautical in habits, of small population and limited in her present resources, why should she expose herself to risks of invasion and to the certainty of an enormous cost in the erection and maintenance of a navy for defence than remain under the shield of the greatest maritime power in the world; bound by every consideration of honor and interest to guard her? Why should she be supposed desirous to forego the advantage of absolute community of trade with the greatest of all commercial countries, to become an alien to the market which consume her products, and instead of using the broad and universal paths of enterprise now open to her to carve out for herself the new and narrow ways of a third rate state?

Mr. Gladstone next deals with the purchase and sale of land in Ireland, and at the outset acknowledges that the most powerful agent in bringing about the defeat of the Government was the aversion to the Land Bill. The Siamese twinship of the two bills, put to scorn by those for whose benefit it was in a great part designed, having been deadly to both, it has a duty explicitly to acknowledge that the sentence which has gone forth for the severance of the two measures is irresistible, and the twinship which has been for the time disastrous to the hopes of Ireland exists no longer. At the same time, he hopes that the partnership between the enemies of Home Rule and the enemies of the Land Bill, which brought about the result, may now be dissolved. Mr. Gladstone believes a measure of self-government not less extensive than the proposal of 1886 will be ultimately carried. "Nor is it for me," he says, "to conjecture whether in this, as in so many other cases, the enemies of the measure are the persons designed finally to guide its triumphal procession to the capital."

In conclusion Mr. Gladstone says: "If I am not egregiously wrong in all that has been said, Ireland has now lying before her a broad and even way in which to walk to the consummation of her wishes, before her eyes are opened in the same path of constitutional and peaceful action of steady, free and full discussion which had led England and Scotland to the achievement of all those pacific triumphs."

THE FATE OF MINE DISCOVERERS.

A Superstitious Belief on the Subject with Some Foundation.

The superstitious belief is an old one, that unless the discoverer of a camp meets an untimely or bloody end, his find will never amount to anything, and this seems borne out by facts, since nearly all of the discoverers of the great gold mines in the United States, with but few exceptions, have, as the saying goes, "died with their boots on." Of thirty-eight booming towns in the early days, the locators of twelve were killed by bullet, three were buried in their creations by cave-ins and the rest drifted away with the tide of immigration, have become lost in oblivion or died and were buried in paupers' graves.

George H. Fryer, from whom the celebrated "Fryer Hill" of Leadville derives its name, died at Denver not long ago from an overdose of morphine administered by his own hand. Two years previous to his death he was worth a million or so; but he died a pauper and almost without a friend. Old Virginny, after whom the "Consolidated Virginia" was named, and who sold his claim for $25, a pony and a bottle of whisky, came to his death by an overdose from a bucking mule near Dayton, Nevada. Bill Bodie, the discoverer of the great Standard mine in Mono county, California, slept his life away in a snow storm while making his way to the mines. Col. Story, who gave his name to the county in Nevada, where the Comstock is situated, was killed in battle by the Pyramid Lake Indians.

Thomas Page Comstock died a beggar in a strange land. "Old Pancake," as he was known in the mining camps, committed suicide at Bozeman, M. T., on Sept. 27, 1870, by shooting himself. He was the leader of the famous Big Horn expedition that was sent out by Nevada capitalists in search of the Lost Cabin mines, supposed to be somewhere among the Big Horn mountains. The expedition was a failure, and Comstock, whether from disappointment or from some other cause, while camped near Bozeman, drove a pistol ball through his head and died instantly. He was buried there and his grave is unmarked and unknown.

Near the wild spot where twelve years before the hidden treasure of Alder Gulch was first revealed to him, William Fairweather was laid down to rest. Like poor "Old Pancake," this erratic soul stranded on the shoals of dissipation, although each in his day had turned a key—the one silver, the other golden—which unlocked millions for others but nothing for themselves.

William Farrel, who "struck" Meadow Lake, died a victim to remorse in one of the leading hospitals of San Francisco, "haunted by the spirits of 1,000 deluded pioneers and prospectors passing and repassing his dying bed." The locator of the famous Homestake, in the Black hills, is said to have afterward turned road agent. Times going hard with him, he attempted to stop a stage loaded and prepared for just such emergencies, and he was planted alongside the road by the tender-hearted express agents whom he attempted to rob and kill.

Homer, of the Homer district, followed in the suicidal tracks of Comstock. After squandering a small fortune he shot his brains out on the streets of San Francisco. Doughnut Bill, "Old Eureka" Kelso Austin, Lloyd Magruder, Nine-Mile Clark, George Hankinson, Henry Plummer, and scores of others died violent deaths in one way or another, and reaped nothing from the rich finds each had made in his day. Doughnut Bill was planted in the Lone Mountain cemetery in Utah in 1863; a lone grave under a white pine tree in a frontier mining town of California tells where poor "Old Eureka" sleeps his last sleep; Kelso Austin was killed and buried in Echo county, Nevada, fifteen years ago.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Prize Essays on Sanitary Subjects.

Mr. Henry Lomb has increased the amount of his prizes for essays on sanitary subjects this year to $1,750, to be awarded as follows: 1. The sanitary conditions and necessities of schoolhouses and school life, one prize, $500; 2. The preventable causes of disease, injury and death in American manufactories and workshops, and the best means and appliances for preventing and avoiding them, one prize, $500; 3. Plans for dwelling houses—(a) A plan for a dwelling house not to exceed in cost, exclusive of cellar, $800 (prizes: first, $200; second, $100; third, 50; fourth, $25); (b) A plan for a dwelling house not to exceed in cost, including the cellar, $1,600 (prizes: first, $200; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25); accommodations to be provided for families consisting of five persons. Essays and plans for the above should be addressed to Dr. Irving A. Watson, secretary American Public Health association, Concord, N. H., on or before Aug. 15, 1886.—Chicago News.

AN AWFUL COUNTRY.

Sufferings and Hardships of the British Troops at Assouan.

In the *St. James Gazette* there appears a letter from an officer attached to the British camp at Assouan, giving a dismal account of the sufferings of the troops in Egypt. Of Assouan he says: This is a small mud village on the left bank of the Nile, near the second cataract, but has greatly increased in importance since our occupation. It is merely a green patch, or a small cluster of date palms and water melons, in the midst of the desert. All around us is trackless sand, and the black rocky hills, like bronze, dotted here and there on the surface. There is never such a thing as a drop of rain, and all day long the sun blazes forth without even a cloud to protect the earth from its rays. There is nearly always a fiery blast blowing, which carries burning sand in clouds into every possible place, and gets into your ears, mouth, nose and eyes, to the great injury of the latter. The temperature ranges from 110 degrees to 124 degrees, and has gone up several times to 126 degs. Ten men died one day in June from sunstroke and enteric. I have seen six coffins going down the hospital hill together, and one time there were so many deaths there was no room in the mortuary, and we had to place our dead in rows on the sand and cover them with canvas. The medical staff had frightful work, up all night with men in the magia of fever, who converted the fever wards into a lunatic asylum with their yells and frantic gestures. Nearly all who died were young men between 19 and 20 years; they were generally ill about four days, and then died like raving maniacs. Over 1200 men have gone down the river invalided, many of whom died at places on the way and had to be buried without coffins and in the sand. We lost a lot of officers, including two majors, and I hear now Deputy Surgeon General Fox is dead. Also General Butler went home invalided, and lots of other officers had to be sent down to save their lives. Of four doctors who came up three months ago, two are gone down river invalided and one is in hospital. All day long nothing used to be heard but the band playing the dead march in "Saul." No salutes were fired over men; I believe it would be too expensive. The people at home seemed so wrapped up in the G. O. M. and Home Rule that they forget their unfortunate countrymen are in a place more like the infernal regions than anywhere else, and that they are so diminished by death and sickness that if the Arabs came down at the present moment they would gain any easy victory. Nothing remains here now of the splendid regiments that came up the river a year or so ago but miserable, incomplete squads of men, more suitable for a convalescent home than active service. There are no newspaper correspondents here to let the public know how their fellow-countrymen are suffering, and while even the name of a private who dies in Burmah is inserted in the papers, nothing is said about our chaps here who are going by hundreds. Home must be a delight now. I often think of it, and long for a cold drink or some vegetable besides tinned ones. I would give anything to see grassy fields and flowers and food. Flies are also a great bother; they swarm on everything you go to eat, and you have to sleep in socks and your head in a canvas bag to prevent being eaten alive. Scorpions, lizzards, tarantulas, snakes etc., also abound to add to the comforts of the place.

ST. PETER'S, ROME.

The Greatest Sacred Structure of the World—Its Dimensions and History.

The Montreal *Star* of the 28th ult. contains an elaborate description of the new Cathedral in course of erection in that city by the Roman Catholics, and a view thereof, which it claims to be precisely on the same plan as the great temple of the Clerical City, of which the following is a condensed description: St. Peter's of Rome is 613 feet long, its extreme width is 286 feet; the great nave is 82 ft. wide, the height of the dome is 435 feet, the pillars of the dome 70 feet in diameter, the portico, 400 feet long; the outer stairway at the portico has 22steps. The foundations were commenced in 1450. The corner stone of this immense edifice was laid with great pomp by Jules II. on the 18th of April, 1506. The entire time of construction was 176 years. It cost in round numbers about $50,000,000. Within its walls are some of the most precious works of art in the world and relics which are ever dear to Christians. It stands upon the Vatican Hill, one of the seven hills of Rome. As an instance of its immense size it may be said that the hill which is seen over the main dome and which is seen from the ground, looks the size of an apple, can contain 15 people. Beneath its walls are interred all the Popes, a large number of prominent churchmen, saints, philosophers, princes and others.

THE QUARANTINED CATTLE.

The County of Levis Laid Under an Embargo on Account of Pleuro-Pneumonia Amongst Cattle.

A Quebec dispatch of the 28th announced that it was expected that the slaughtering and cremation of all suspected and infected cattle in Levis quarantine will be completed to-day or to-morrow. The danger of contagion is evidently increased in the opinion of the authorities, as among other new measures of precaution adopted, the whole of the county of Levis, within a radius of half-a-mile around the quarantine establishment, has also been placed under quarantine. All farmers and other cattle owners within this radius, have been notified to keep in their stock under pain of paying a fine of $400 and losing all claim to compensation from the government for any losses they may sustain, the embargo to last three months.

Another dispatch says that the owners of the animals are admitted to them only on condition of afterwards burning their clothing and taking a bath. The earth of the road traversed by the animals will be burned over to the depth of a foot. It is probable that the authorities will have to buy and destroy all the cattle owned around the quarantine.

Advices just received from England state that the act regarding medical education which passed the Imperial Parliament previous to its dissolution, removes grievances about which the medical profession in Ontario have been making loud complaints for some years. After June 1 of next year it will be necessary for all English, as well as all other licentiates, to pass the examination required by the Ontario college of Physicians and Surgeons before they can practise in that province and not as heretofore demand registration without it.

NEWS BY CABLE.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

BERLIN, Sept. 4.—Dr. Giers, Russian Minister, has hurridly departed for St. Petersburg.

HE IS A FAVORITE.

BUCHAREST, Sept. 4.—The Roumania Cabinet theaten to resign if Prince Alexander abdicates.

RUSSIAN OFFICERS IN DISGUISE.

PARIS, Sept. 4.—It is reported here that within the past few days fifty Russian officers in Mufti have arrived, separately, at Sofia, and placed themselves in communication with the Zankoff faction of revolutionists.

THEY LET HIM GO.

PARIS, Sept. 4.—A German colonel who has been traveling throughout France under the name of Saxo and who was recently arrested on suspicion of being a spy has been released by the authorities, they being unable to obtain sufficient evidence to warrant his further detention.

MORE ABOUT ALEXANDER.

VIENNA, Sept. 4.—The *Neufe Frie Press* publishes a dispatch from Sofia stating that the Kartiveloff revolutionary party which deposed Prince Alexander has been released from police supervision. The Russian party in Sofia say that Major Gueff, who took a leading part in the *coup d'etat* has resolved upon killing Alexander and was prevented from carrying out his resolve by the intervention of the Russian consul. It is not now believed that Prince Alexander will abdicate but that he will summon the Bulgarian Assembly and submit the question of abdication or continuing on the throne to that body for decision. Powerful influence are being exerted from several different quarters to bring about a union of Bulgaria, Servia and Roumania.

HIGGINISM AND VANCOUVER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—I would say a few words on the above topic. Higginism consists in the belief that the world was made for the especial benefit of the Higginses, ergo the C. P. R., was built for the same purpose.

With this basic idea, Higginism assumes that the C. P. R. will shut its eyes to the development of its own interests at Burrard Inlet to raise the price of real estate in Victoria and also at English Bay where the only available townsite is owned by the Provincial Government or private individuals.

The writer lived a few years ago in a town in the neighboring territory of Washington where this idea was rampant, and whenever Mr. Villard visited the place he dealt out candy to them which inflated their great expectations enormously. But the town on completion of the N. P. R. fell into decay all the same, and to-day despite heroic efforts is a village such as a man of the name of Goldsmith once portrayed.

Victorians had better turn their eyes northward as advised by J. S. H. The C. P. R. treasure is at Vancouver on the Inlet side of that city and its heart is there also. GOODNESS SAKE.

COMPETITION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—Your correspondent "Freight" hit the nail square on the head. It is human nature to run after new things, forgetting what is old and well tried. Victoria will receive a rude awakening when the Northern Pacific withdraws from British Columbia, as there is good reason to believe that she will next year. The C. P. R. has not entered the Sound towns, and Portland and San Francisco for the purpose of staying there—not a bit of it. They are working for a position which they will be prepared to abandon as a *quid pro quo* for the withdrawl of the Northern Pacific from Victoria. And when that is accomplished, it will be absolutely necessary to hear Victoria merchants squeal under the iron rule of the C. P. R. To prevent such a fatality, it must be made profitable for the Northern Pacific to stay with us.

TRAFFIC.

INTERIOR ITEMS.

(From the Sentinel.)

Hon. Mr. Justic Walkem has returned from Granite creek, where he had been to hold a Court of Revision. We believe he has now completed his whole district, having recently went as far as Kootenay. If other revising officers have been as pains-taking to carry out the intention of the Dominion Franchise Act as has Hon. Mr. Walkem the good intent of the lawmakers will be fully realized.

Messrs. Pringle & Hamill have completed the government bridge near Spallumcheen Landing. The length is 11 spans, (one a 50 ft. span across the channel,) in all 380 odd feet. The work has been done to the satisfaction of the government agent, Mr. Dewdney, and will prove a great convenience to the locality.

We are sorry to learn of the burning of Capt. Short's little steamer. It appears that she was tied up for the night near Okanagan Mission and next morning she was found in ashes, the machinery, also, somewhat damaged. We have no news as to his intention to rebuild. Mr. E. Lequiene had goods on board and suffers considerable loss.

POPULATION OF MONTREAL.

In answer to enquiries of S. K., THE TIMES states that the population of Montreal is estimated to be about 210,000; that of Toronto, including Yorkville, Parkdale and Leslieville, 130,000; Hamilton 40,000; Ottawa and London, each 35,000.

Probably the largest literary prize ever offered is one of $1,000,000 to be given in 1925 by the Russian National Academy for the best work on the life and reign of Alexander I. In 1825, shortly after the death of Alexander I, the sum of 50,000 roubles was offered by one of his favorite Ministers to be given as a prize a century after his death, and it is this sum at compound interest which will amount in 1925 to $1,000,000.

The new material for unsinkable apparel has been further tested, with success, in London. This material is composed of threads of cork interwoven with cotton, silk or woolen—machinery which slices the cork to the required thinness forming part of the invention. The garments which are made in this manner have the same appearance as ordinary clothing, and possess remarkable buoyancy in the water.

So popular are the manufactures of Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey's that unscrupulous persons have imitated their gunpowder *canisters* and *labels* used by the firm for upwards of 50 years. Recent cases in Germany of infringements of their rights in this repect were restrained under heavy penalities.

THE EARTHQUAKE.

The Devastation More Widespread than at First Supposed.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 4.—Last night's shock has served to greatly impair confidence. Nearly all the people slept or remained out of doors last night. The great dread now is the approach of the equinoctial gales which are always disastrous in Charleston; in fact last year's disasters were so great as to attract national attention. It is estimated that every house in the city has had its foundations shattered by the earthquakes. Walls have been rent; chimneys and steeples are off their square, and there is nothing sound about the city. If an equinoctial gale of usual severity should strike the city before considerable repairs can be made nearly every house in the city would be blown down. The gales come some times as late as the first weeks in September, but last year it came in the last week of August, and thus it will be seen that the city is in imminent danger. At this moment this would cause such a crashing of timber, brick and mortar as was never before heard of. The temperature has changes so as to warn people when the storm is at hand, and the effects of a week's storm and rain upon houses, women and children would be appalling. Six ladies are reported to be dying from the effects of fright. An effort was made early yesterday to clear away the debris but has been abandoned and people are settling back into the melancholy feelings of yesterday. Two Aldermen of each ward with three citizens have been appointed to condemn unsafe buildings. Brekley, chairman of the committee, has entered upon his duties. He knows not what to do nor where to begin, or where to stop. It is freely declared that if a fire had swept the city it would have been preferable, for in that case insurance money would have helped to repair the many places damaged.

THE FISHERIES.

Important Orders Issued by the British Admiralty Officers.

TORONTO, Sept. 4.—A special from Ottawa says as a result of the correspondence which has been going on for some time past between Canada and the Imperial authorities, orders have been issued by the English Admiralty Office to commanders of all English war vessels now along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts to report at once to Halifax for duty. They will be used to assist the Canadian cruisers in protecting fisheries and also look after the protection of the Newfoundland fisheries.

A SHOWER OF PEBBLES.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 4—The sensation of to-day is the falling of a shower of pebbles in the lower part of the city. The first fall was at 7.20 this morning and the second about 11 o'clock. They were seen to fall in a slanting direction from south to north. There are pieces of flint among them and are plainly abraded and worn by action of water. Some few have sharp fractures and have evidently been recently broken. The fact of a fall of pebbles is vouched for by several trustworthy persons.

EARTHQUAKE AT SEA.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4—The Hydrographic Office has received a letter from Capt. Leo Veget of the steamer City of Panama, briefly describing the effects of the earthquake at sea. He had just left Charleston and was about twelve miles off the harbor of Port Royal in 8½ fathoms of water when he experienced a terrific rumbling sensation which lasted 7½ minutes. There had been quite a heavy sea from the southeast but when the rumbling began the wave-motioned sea and waters remained perfectly calm.

THE CALIFORNIA DEMOCRACY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The convention was called to order at 10:25. Senator Johnson, of Sonoma, withdrew the name of Reddy for the governorship, and Mitchell withdrew that of ex-Mayor Bryant of San Francisco. Balloting for governor then began and resulted in favor of Bartlett amidst intense excitement. Hats were thrown into the air amid loud and long cheers, and banners and handkerchiefs were waived.

When the excitement had somewhat subsided, Bartlett was introduced by Chairman White as "The next Governor of California."

Tarpey was unanimously selected to be the candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

Adam Herald, of Santa Clara, was nominated for State Treasurer; W. C. Hendricks, of Butte, Secretary of State; John P. Dunn, state Comptroller; and Senator Johnson, of Sonoma, Attorney General.

MARINE.

The Barbara Boscowitz will sail at midnight for Port Simpson and way ports.

The ship City of Aberdeen was towed up to the Inlet yesterday.

Some time ago A. M. Simpson & Bro., of Seattle, built a four-masted schooner, the Novelty, which has attracted considerable attention. Now they are going to build a five-master. This is believed to be the limit.

The Ancon to-day passed up to Nanaimo to coal. She will afterwards go to Port Townsend and thence to Victoria.

Three sealing schooners—the Black Diamond, Pathfinder and Sierra—arrived in the harbor to-day from Behring Sea.

The Sierra, an American schooner, and the Black Diamond, owned by Gutman & Frank, have also arrived. They each took in the neighborhood of 800 skins. The Active reported outside, has not yet come in. There are still a number of Victoria vessels to arrive. The catch on the whole has been good.

The sealing schooner Active with 1500 skins, has arrived at Port Townsend.

O. J. Devlin, M. P., has entered a $25,000 action for damages against Montreal. On his road home Devlin overtook a policeman acting improperly with a woman, and reprimanded him. The policeman arrested Devlin and he remained locked up for two hours before being released.

Duncan Campbell, author of Campbell's History of Nova Scotia, died suddenly at his residence in Halifax last week. The deceased was sixty-seven years of age, and came to this country from Scotland in 1805. He leaves two sons and three daughters, one of the sons being a resident of Montreal and the other of Halifax.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, Sept. 4, 1886.

THE DAILY TIMES.

—Published daily and weekly by the—

VICTORIA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, LD.

OFFICE—Yates Street, next to Frank Campbell's Corner.

DAILY TIMES delivered in all parts of the city by carrier, at 25 cents per week.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement:—

More than two days and not more than one week, 20 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 30 cents.

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2, and accepted only for every day insertion.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. Classified, 10 cents per word per month. No card inserted for less than $2.00.

Notices inserted amongst regular reading matter items, 15 cents per line for each and every insertion.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

Special Rates for WEEKLY TIMES

TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertisements for the Daily edition must be handed in to this office not later than 10 A. M. on the morning of publication; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, is an excellent readable family journal, sent to all parts of Canada and the United States free of postage.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, per year........................$2.00
" " " six months..........................1.25

TERMS—Strictly in advance.

Address, THE TIMES P. & P. CO., Victoria B. C.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

THE BULGARIAN SITUATION.

The situation in Bulgaria, though complicated and obscure, discloses, at all events, great weakness on the part of the conspirators. Only a small fraction of the army can be depended on by the pro-Russian party; indeed, the *coup d'etat* seems to have been the work of a single regiment. The forces which rendered most service in the late war with Servia, and which are now on the Servia frontier, are said to have pronounced in favor of the deposed ruler, and the same thing is reported of the garrisons of four of the five Bulgarian fortresses, to wit, Varna, Widdin, Silistria, and Shumla, only Rustchuk being apparently controlled by the insurgents. A second provincial government, loyal to Prince ALEXANDER, has been set up in Tirnova, the former capital of Bulgaria, and seems to dispose of all the national militia, except a part of that belonging to Sofia district. The whole of Eastern Roumelia is also arrayed on the same side, and at Phillippopolis we hear of a third provisional government ready to co-operate with the loyal body at Tirnova, and vehemently opposed to the Sofia mutineers. Even among the nominal engineers of the conspiracy there seems to be dissension, for it is said that ZANKOFF, the real ringleader, has arrested KARAVELOFF, the figurehead of the Sofia junta in whose name the announcement of the abdication and the call for a national assembly were issued. In view of these facts, which seem tolerably well authenticated, it should be no hard task for the people of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia to nip the revolution in the bud, and this is what would doubtless happen if the Czar would leave the Bulgarians alone. But he cannot afford to let an insurrection, notoriously managed in the Russian interest, collapse. His influence south of the Danube would be grievously impaired if he allowed such zealous emissaries as ZANKOFF to be sacrificed without a blow on their behalf. But the movement of a Russian force from Bessarabia to Sofia would not prove so easy a thing as it looks upon the map, unless the Czar can count on the good will of Austria and Germany, and the consequent exertion of their influence in his favor at Bucharest. Russian soldiers could hardly reach Bulgaria by sea, if VARNA, as it is alleged, is in the hands of Prince ALEXANDER's friends, and their only land route would traverse Roumanian territory. The Roumanian army is quite able to obstruct their passage long enough to permit of Austraian intervention, should the Vienna government refuse to brook the Czar's high-handed course. Here again, as at every other critical conjucture in European politics during the last fifteen years, we see that BISMARCK's council chamber represents the final court of appeal. A word of decided protest from him transmitted to Bucharest, in which protest Count KALNOKY would unquestionably concur, would transform the Dobrudscha into a barrier which would effectually block the Muscovite advance until the forces of Austria and Turkey could be mustered behind it. The delay thus secured would be turned to account by the Bulgarians to snuff out the Sofia rebellion, and replace their national government upon the footing which it occupied before Prince ALEXANDER was deposed. That Roumania will be invited by BISMARCK to stop the way, and thus compel the Czar to witness the humiliating miscarriage of his Bulgarian intrigue, seems very doubtful in view of the tenor of the comments of the Berlin semi-official newspapers on the outbreak at Sofia. These journals have evinced no sympathy for Prince ALEXANDER, and point out with a certain malicious complacency that his deposition, followed by a Russification of Bulgaria, would be a death blow to England's influence at Constantinople. If these indications of the German Chancellor's purposes are confirmed by events, and Russia is permitted to pour her troops through the Dobrudscha, there remains the interesting question, What is BISMARCK's *quid pro quo*?

IN a test just made between the MACKAY-BENNETT cables and those of the Anglo-American Company, the former came off easily victorious. In one case by thirty minutes. To merchants and others who are buying or selling in a speculative market, thirty minutes often means a great deal.

IMMORALITY IN HIGH QUARTERS.

Our readers will recollect that charges of a grave character were preferred by Mr. CHAGNON, during the recent Chambly contest, against employees in the departmental buildings, Ottawa, and the immorality practiced by many of them. The accusations were of such a sweeping nature that those residing at a distance, or not familiar with inner life at the capital, were very reluctant in believing that such a fearful state of affairs could exist at the capital of a country claiming to be strict in the observance of the moral as well as civil laws of the land. The veil now has been removed, the curtain raised, and a peep given the outside world into the social condition of the offices of the various departments, and the vices practiced by those in authority therein. It is to be hoped that a most thorough searching investigation will now be made and the guilty punished. That many are innocent of any crime or indiscretions, but coming within the scope of the charges there can be no manner of doubt. For their sake—for the reputation of their honor and purity of life—there must be no shielding or protecting the guilty. If the charges apply to ministers of the crown they must be held up to the execration of an indignant, outraged people and suffer the punishment their crime merits. If the subordinates prostitute their positions and inveigle innocent young women into the paths of vice, resulting in their moral ruin and degradation no punishment can be too severe for them. The fair fame and name of the country demands the vindication of its reputation. No fostering hot bed of moral iniquity should find a resting place in Canada, let alone at the capital.

In the east the question has been taken up. A warm discussion has arisen thereon between the London *Free Press* and the *Advertiser*. The latter retorting on the government organ in that city in the following style: The *Free Press* has at last addressed itself to the grave charge brought against some unknown members of the Dominion Cabinet by one of their Quebec supporters. In so doing, it as a matter of course evades the real point at issue, and misrepresents the attitude of the Liberal press with regard to it. In the first place it quite ignores the fact that the gravamen of the charge bears upon the character of the Ministers hinted at more heavily than upon that of the female employes indicated; the fact being that the latter are the betrayed, the former the betrayers, who are represented as taking advantage of their position as employers and their influence as Cabinet Ministers to gratify their immoral propensities. The statement, made in public and spread abroad all over the continent, primarily affects the morals of members of the Ministry. The Reform press does not undertake to say whether the charge is true or false. They leave that to be settled between the Ministry and its supporters. They simply say that it is a shame and a humiliation to have such a story left uncontradicted, unchallenged even, by those who have in their keeping not only their own personal reputations, which are dear to all honorable men, but the reputations of Canada's public men, those whom the people have placed in the highest positions in the land. The injury done to the female employes, who, as a body, are undoubtedly above suspicion, is from the public point of view a secondary matter, although a very cruel wrong. If the defence the *Free Press* essays is the best it can make, the government may well cry, "Save us from our friends." It is, if possible, more damaging than silence. The transparent effort to confute the issue, by diverting attention from the Ministers to their employes, will deceive no one. No newspaper, so far as we are aware, has been silly enough to propose that the government should sift the characters of all its numerous lady employes. Many have said, and will no doubt continue to say, that the ministry, composed as it is of but a few individuals, should not for the sake of their own reputations, of those of their employes, and of Canadian public men, call on Mr. Chagnon to make his charges specific and prove them, or to retact them and stand convicted as a base and cowardly slanderer. How long does any one, even a candid Conservative, suppose that Mr. Blake, or Mr. Mackenzie, if at the head of the Government, would suffer so grave a charge, made by one of their own supporters in the most public manner, to go unchallenged and unrebuiked?

SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

The Toronto *Mail* says that Sir Charles will consult with the government on his arrival here with reference to the proposal to have a permanent Colonial Exhibition at London. The scheme is a large one and has to be considered from many points of view. It would not do, of course, to place the exhibits now in London on show and to leave them there permanently because as years progress our manufactures improve. The articles shown to-day will be but poor representatives of those produced a few years hence. Then the affair will involve expense. The counterbalancing advantage is in the widespread and continuous information such a show will give with regard to Canada and her capabilities. The astonishment our manufactures have awakened in England indicates that we have been but half appreciated in the past. Canada has aroused an interest in herself by the existing show and has gained some good customers. The point is to keep up that interest and to enlarge the trade. Can a permanent show do this, and will it pay?

—Ice cream in quantities to suit, delivered in any part of the city by Young Bros., New England Bakery.

City Advertisements.

No. 135.

A BYLAW

For Raising the Sum of $50,000 for the Improvement of Streets and Sidewalks and the Rebuilding of James Bay Bridge.

Whereas it is necessary that the condition of the streets should be improved, the dilapidated sidewalks renewed, and the present unsafe bridge across James Bay replaced by a substantial structure;

And whereas the estimated cost of the said improvements and works is $50,000, which sum it is proposed to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said city as hereinafter mentioned;

And whereas it will require the sum of $2944 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the debt intended to be hereby created and the interest thereon;

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said city, according to the last revised Assessment Roll, is $5,178,900;

And whereas it will require an annual special rate of 1-18 of one cent in the dollar for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said intended debt according to the Municipality Act, 1881;

And whereas it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation;

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said city to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $50,000, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said city for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sum of money as may be required, either in currency or sterling money, not less than $500 or the sterling equivalent, each; and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable in thirty years from the day hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the Treasurer, City Hall Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interests.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly at the office of the said Treasurer.

5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of 1-18 of one cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates be assessed, raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the said city during the said term of fifty years, unless such debentures shall be sooner paid.

6. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation from time to time to repurchase any of the said debentures at such price or prices as shall in each case be mutually agreed; and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled; and no reissue of debentures or any debenture shall be made in consequence of such repurchase.

7. This by-law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipality Act, 1881, and shall take effect on the 1st day of October, 1886.

8. This by-law may be cited as the Street and Bridge Loan By-law, 1886.

Passed the Municipal Council the 11th day of August, A. D. 1886.

Received the assent of the Ratepayers the 24th day of August, A. D. 1886.

Reconsidered and finally passed by the Council the 25th day of August, A. D. 1886.

JAMES FELL, Mayor.

{L. S.} JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C. aug26

No. 134.

A BYLAW

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Raise the Sum of $75,000 for Water Works purposes.

Whereas it is expedient to raise a further sum of money for the purpose of extending the Water Works, constructing Reservoirs to ensure a more certain and equable supply of water to all parts of the city, for carrying on the said Water Works upon such a scale as may be necessary to furnish an adequate supply of fresh water to the largely increased and increasing population of the city, for the greater protection of the city against fire, and for other purposes in connection with the said Water Works.

And whereas, for the purposes aforesaid, it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said city the sum of $75,000.

And whereas it will require the sum of $5387 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt intended to be hereby created and the interest thereon.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation according to the last revised assessment roll is $5,178,804.

And whereas for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said debt intended to be hereby created according to the Municipality Act, 1881 an annual special rate of 1-10 one cent in the dollar will be required.

And whereas it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

Be it therefore enacted by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of said city to raise by way of loan from any person or person or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned a sum of money not exceeding in the whole, the sum of $75,000, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required either in currency or sterling money not less than $500, or the sterling equivalent of that sum, each and all such debentures shall be sealed with the common seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable in thirty years from the day hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the office of the said Treasurer.

5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of 1-10 of one cent in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be raised levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the said City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

6. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation, from time to time, to repurchase any of the said debentures at such price as shall in each case be mutually agreed; and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled, and no re-issue of debentures or any debenture shall be made in consequence of such repurchase.

7. This Bylaw shall take effect on the 1st day of October, 1886.

8. This Bylaw may be cited for all purposes as the Water Works Loan Bylaw, 1886.

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of August, A. D. 1886.

Received the assent of the Ratepayers the 24th day of August, A. D. 1886.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 25th day of August, A. D., 1886.

JAMES FELL, Mayor.

{L. S.} JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C. aug26

ADVERTISE IN

The Victoria Times,

IF YOU
Want a Cook,
Want a Clerk,
Want a Partner,
Want a Situation,
Want to sell a Piano,
Want to Buy a Horse,
Want to Sell a Carriage,
Want to Buy or Sell a Farm,
Want to Sell House Property,
Want to Let a House or Cottage,
Want to Sell Groceries or Drugs,
Want to Sell Household Furniture,
Want to Sell Dry Goods or Carpets,
Want to Find Customers for Anything.

ADVERTISE IN

The Victoria Times

The Very Best Medium in the Country.
Advertising will gain New Customers,
Advertising will keep Old Customers,
Advertising generally always pays,
Advertising makes success easy,
Advertising begets confidence,
Advertising shows energy,
Advertising shows pluck,
Advertise then at once;
Advertise continually,
Advertise skilfully,
Advertise freely,
Advertise here,
ADVERTISE
NOW.

ADVERTISE IN

THE DAILY & WEEKLY TIMES.

Mason Fruit Jars, 2qts, $2.10; qts $1.75.

J. H. MARER,

Just arrived from San Francisco,

Manufacturer

—OF—

FINE FURS,

Will open business in the New Building of the Bank of British Columbia

On Monday or Tuesday next.

SEAL SKIN COATS

Made to order, Dyed, Altered and Repaired.

Fur Trimmings,
Capes, Caps, Muffs,
Victorines, &c.

A Specialty made of Fur Robes. my1

CHAS HAYWARD.
Funeral Director
and Embalmer.
Langley street VICTORIA, B. C.

A. & W. WILSON

Plumbers, Gas Fitters,

BELL HANGERS AND TINSMITHS.

Dealers in Best Descriptions

Heating and Cooking Stoves.

Ranges, Etc.

FORT STREET. VICTORIA, B. C.

TELEPHONE CALL, 126.

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery, is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article furnished.

HENNING PETERS, Empire Brewery, Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C.

oct10 tf

YOUNG BROS.,

New England Bakery,

Government Street.

Fancy Cakes, Bread, Pies and Crackers

OF ALL KINDS.

WEDDING CAKES made to order on short notice. Fresh Oysters always on hand. Goods delivered to all parts of the City.

Portland Advertisem'ts.

The St. Charles,

LEADING HOTEL

Of the Northwest,

Corner Front and Morrison Streets

PORTLAND OREGON.

200 ROOMS.

C. W. KNOWLES, Prop.

THE HOUSE has just been thoroughly overhauled from ground floor to attic, being repainted, papered and refurnished throughout. Twenty additional rooms on the west end, second floor, all entirely new in appointments.

An OTIS ELEVATOR has just been introduced, with a capacity for carrying ten tons weight, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground.

THE ST. CHARLES, as now arranged, is undoubtedly the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest.

THE RESTAURANT

In charge of CHARLES HEILMAN, is conducted in first class style and affords visitors every luxury known to the epicure. june7

Dr. SPINNEY

Multnomah Block, opposite Post office,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

TREATS with the same remarkable success as of old, ALL CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Correspondence solicited and prompt attention given thereto. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. june7

J. McCRAKEN & Co.

Importers, Wholesale Grocers and

Commission Merchants,

60, 62 and 64 North Front Street,

PORTLAND, - - - OREGON. june8

Corbett & Macleay,

Importers and

Wholesale Grocers,

SHIPPING AND

Commission Merchants

PORTLAND, - - - OREGON. june8 D&W

—THE—

"Portland"

CHOICE FAMILY

Patent Roller

FLOUR

Is the Best, Healthiest and

CHEAPEST!

For sale by all the leading Dealers.

USE NO OTHER! june8

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Windsor, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.

ISOM. LANNING & CO. Proprietors.

aug 14 tf

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1882, 1883, 1884. Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics Fair 1882, 1883, 1884.

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS.

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Redon, the Baker who bought it, the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.
Mills—Salem, Oregon.

PORTLAND AGENT:
ALEX. GRANT,
8 Stark street

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

ROYAL FLOUR

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,

Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria, Agent for British Columbia.

NEW CITY MAP.

For sale at the City Hall on application, price $2.50 each.

JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.
City Hall, Victoria, April 8, 1886.

Educational.

Annie Wright Seminary,

TACOMA, W. T.

A BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

$50,000 Endowment.

CHRISTMAS TERM begins Sept. 9, 1886.

The best instruction is given in English, German, French, Latin, Music, Drawing and Painting.

Pupils are taken at all ages and at any time. It is important, however, to enter early in the term.

The design of the school is to furnish a pleasant Christian home where girls can receive thorough systematic instruction, combined with culture and refinement.

For catalogue and particulars address the Principal.

MRS. LEMUEL H. WELLS,
july15 D&W 2m Tacoma, W. T.

Washington College,

TACOMA, W. T.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

The Right Rev. Bishop PADDOCK, D. D., Rector.

Christmas Term begins Sept. 2nd, 1886.

The following Departments thoroughly taught: Languages (Ancient and Modern); English (Composition, Rhetoric, &c.); Mathematics (Pure and Applied); Science (Chemistry, Physics, Botany, &c.; Business (Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, Correspondence, Shorthand, &c.; Music (Vocal and Instrumental); Drawing. For terms, address

july28 Dood W PROF. J. TAIT, Principal.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

WHEREAS, pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made in the matter of the estate of William Turgoose in a cause Sadler and Turgoose against Sandover, the creditors of the said William Turgoose were required to send in their claims to the Registrar of this Honorable Court on or before the 15th day of June last past: And whereas in the opinion of the Court it is desirable that further time should be given for a final adjudication upon claims against the said estate. Therefore pursuant to a further order in the matter of the said estate and in the said action, the creditors (who have not already filed their claims) of William Turgoose, late of South Saanich, who died on the 22nd day of January, 1885, are, on or before the 20th day of September, 1886 to send by post prepaid, to Charles Wilson, the Solicitor for the Plaintiffs, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claim, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Registrar of this Honourable Court, at his office, James Bay, Victoria, on Monday, the 27th day of September, 1886, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

Dated the 20th day of August 1886.

JAMES CHARLES PREVOST,
Registrar Supreme Court of British Columbia.
Aug 20-1mo

Musical Instruments.

JOHN B. MENDES

(LATELY FROM SAN FRANCISCO),

Has opened a

Musical Repairing Shop

IN COHEN'S BARBER SHOP.

Opposite THE TIMES office, Yates street.

Mr Mendes has made it a specialty for ten years of repairing Musical Instruments of every description. Steel Reeds for Accordeans and Concertinas a specialty. Work guaranteed. Orders promptly attended to.

Address JOHN B. MENDES, P. O. Box 288, Victoria. au24 wy

QUEEN'S MARKET

GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

L. GOODACRE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHER.

Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

Shipping Supplied at Lowest Rates

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON

PACIFIC Business College, 320 POST ST. SAN FRANCISCO.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75

No Vacations

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS

Ladies admitted into all departments.

Send for circulars.

W. BUCKETT

Truck & Drayman,

BEGS to inform patrons and public generally that he is still to be found on the OLD STAND, YATES STREET, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a share of their patronage. My teams will appear on all trucks and drays. All orders left at Baker and Sons, Yates Street, or the Fashion Stables, Fort Street, will receive prompt attention. Aug 2-1mo

Yates Street, above Douglas.

D. M. EBERTS. W. J. TAYLOR.

Eberts & Taylor,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.

Langley Street, Victoria

Land Applications.

Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 215 acres of land in the Osoyoos Division of Yale District, situated as follows:

Commencing at the southeast corner post of Thomas Ellis' land at head of Dog Lake; thence north along easterly line of said land 75 chains to surveyed line; thence east to Indian Reserve 15 chains; thence south along Indian Reserve line 26 chains to point of commencement, containing 15 acres.

ALSO—Commencing from northwest corner of Thomas Ellis' land of Dog Lake thence 20 chains west to Okanagan river; thence about 20 chains north along river bank to Thomas Ellis' Land; thence 40 chains south to point of commencement, containing about 40 acres.

ALSO—Commencing from post at foot of rock on south side of Thomas Ellis' land on Dog lake; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; to Dog lake; thence north along lake shore 80 chains thence east 20 chains to place of commencement, containing 160 acres.

JOHN TRUTCH.
August 7th 1886. aug 7-law 2mo.

Notice

I HEREBY give notice that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of unsurveyed land situate on the Kootenay River, as described as follows:

Commencing at a post marked A, situate on a flat west side Kootenay River and opposite mouth of Wild Horse Creek; thence north 40 chains to stake B; thence east 24.50 chains to stake C; thence following river 40 chains southerly to stake D; thence west 43 chains to point of commencement.

JNO. T. GALBRAITH.
July 29th, 1886. aug 6-law 2mo

Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase six hundred and forty acres of land, in Osoyoos Division of Yale District; situated as follows: Commencing at a post A 200 yards south of Sheep Creek; thence South 80 chains; thence west 40 chains to shore of Okanagan Lake; thence along the shore of Lake northerly 80 chains; thence east to port of commencement 60 chains; containing four hundred acres.

Also—Commencing from post A, above seven mile Creek south 80 chains to corner post of Thos Ellis land thence west 20 chains to Okanagan Lake; thence north 80 chains along Lake shore thence east 20 chains to point of commencement, containing two hundred and forty acres.

G. CONSTABLE
Penticton B.C., July 31st 1886. au2-law-2mo

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 360 acres of land situate on Campbell River, Sayward District, described as follows:

Commencing at a point on the south side of said river marked by a square tree; thence true south 60 chains; thence true west 60 chains; thence true north to Campbell River 60 chains; and thence along said river 60 chains to the point of commencement.

M. KING.
Victoria, B.C., July 10, 1886. july14 2m law

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, situate at Otter Cove, Sayward District, described as follows:

Commencing at a square post set at the N. E. corner; thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; and thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

A. B. JOHNSTON.
Nanaimo, B.C., July 27, 1886. july27 law 2m

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase three hundred and twenty acres more or less, situated in the Homalko river valley, Coast District British Columbia and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on the right bank of the west slough of the Homalko river from which running west forty chains; thence north eighty chains; thence east to the right bank of said slough; thence south along the right bank of the slough to the place of beginning.

R. A. SMITH
July 12th 1886. jy 12 law 2mo

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 360 acres of Land, situate in Sayward District, 2¼ miles north of Elk Bay, and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake 20 chains from the beach; thence west 60 chains; thence south 60 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence north 60 chains to point of commencement.

JAMES KING.
Nanaimo, B. C. July 27, 1886. july27 law 2m

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase four hundred and eighty acres, more or less, situated in the Campbell River Valley, Sayward District, British Columbia, and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake about ten chains west of the South Fork of Campbell River and about forty chains south of the main Campbell river; from which running west eighty chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east forty chains; thence south forty chains; thence east forty chains; thence north eighty chains to the place of beginning.

S. B. SYKES.
July 12 1886. july12 law 2m

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase two hundred and sixty acres more or less situated in the Homalko river valley, Coast District, British Columbia, and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on the right bank of the West slough of the Homalko river it being the northeast corner of R. A. Smith's claim from which running west forty chains, thence north sixty-eight chains, thence east, to the right bank of the slough, thence south along the right bank of the slough to the place of beginning.

S. B. SYKES.
July 12th, 1886. jy12-law-2m

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase two hundred and forty acres more or less, situated in the Southgate river valley, Coast District British Columbia and described as follows;

Commencing at a stake on the left bank of the southgate river, from which running south forty chains; thence west sixty chains; thence north to the left bank of river; thence east along the left bank of said river to the place of beginning.

A. M. STOWE
July 12th 1886 jy-12 law-2mo

Notice.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of pastoral land, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on the north side of Hot Spring Creek; thence north 40 chains, following the Western boundary of J. T. Galbraith's Hot Spring claim; thence west 40 chains, down south side of Cold Spring Creek; thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to place of beginning.

S. L. GALBRAITH.
August 1st, 1886. aug21 2m law

Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase a small island containing 80 acres, more or less, situate in New Westminster District, described as follows: Situated near Nelson Island, near the entrance to Blind Bay.

WM. JAMIESON.
August 21, 1886. aug21 law 2m

Notice.

THIS IS TO CAUTION all parties against giving goods or credit to any one on my account or behalf without my written instruction or authority, as I will not consider myself responsible for same.

CHAS. LEVY.
Victoria, August 30, 1886. aug31 1w

Notice.

DURING MY ABSENCE my son, AARON LEWIS, who holds my Power-of-Attorney has full authority to transact all business and collect and pay all debts.

LEWIS LEWIS.
August 31. aug31 1m

Notice.

DURING my absence in California Frank Campbell holds my power of attorney.

P. MURPHY.
Occidental Saloon.
October 3rd, 1885 oc4

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

25 and 27 Fremont street, San Francisco, Cal.,

DEALERS IN

CALIFORNIA WINES

AND

FINEST BOURBON WHISKIES

ONLY A WOMAN'S HEART.

Only a woman's heart, whereon
You have trod in your careless haste;
A thing at best that was easy won;
What matter how drear a waste
Her life may be in the future years?
What matters it? Do not start—
It is only the sound of dropping tears
As wrung from a woman's heart.

'Tis of little worth, for it cost you naught
But a honeyed word and a smile.
Was the fault not hers, if she blindly thought
You were truer than truth the while?
What if the seeds of a life long woe
From its broken shrine upstart?
What does it matter to you? You know
It is only a woman's heart.

Only a woman's heart, ah, well!
"Tis little, I trow, to you
Whether that heart was as false as hell,
Or as heaven itself as true.
You may hug the thought to your selfish breast
That you're skilled in deception's art;
But I brand you thief, for the peace and rest
That you stole from a woman's heart.
—Helen A. Manville.

A Plucky Little Aztec Lad.

One day, at the American legation, a bright little lad of a dozen years came in with some letters while I sat talking with the charge, in the absence of Minister Jackson. The boy was so polite, so prompt, so spirited that he attracted my attention, for I saw he was an Indian and was, in this position, quite emancipated from the awful frown and sense of superiority of the dark-brown Spaniard—a new order of being.

"Yes," said the charge, "that boy was barefooted, or at least wearing sandals a little time ago, and almost naked. He was employed to feed a furnace in a machine shop, but one day he was found sitting behind a wood pile with a pencil and an old envelope in his hands. The master demanded to know what he was doing. The lad answered that the furnace was full of wood, and he was trying to learn to write with what spare time he had."

To make a long story short, this little Mexican lad had picked up a pencil, and then by copying the names of his employer and others which he found about the shop on old envelopes, he had already learned to write a good hand. He was promoted to be gate-keeper, and is now the little man who takes the letters of the American minister to and from the postoffice; and even takes money to and from the bank."

"Steal?"

The charge was indignant. "I could not even get the boy to lie for all the gold in Mexico."

So you see, our legation in Mexico is doing solid good. It has lifted at least one human being up to the high level of soul equality. And this is much more than I ever knew any other American legation to achieve, or even undertake.—Joaquin Miller's Mexico Letter.

Transfixed by a Zulu Javelin.

Mr. H. H. Pitt, the Lieut. Smallett in the "Minute Men," is so often mistaken for an Englishman that he now is fully convinced that he is one. He certainly possesses the voice and mannerisms of a well-bred London man. His drawling speech is about the same expression of voice that you will hear in the courtyard of the palace of St. James when the officer of the Coldstreams is relieving guard. Among the volunteers to Zululand were many English guardsmen. Two of these spoilt darlings of English society were leading a body of Capetown militia against an overwhelming swarm of blacks, and the air was thick with spears. Charley Frazier, a lieutenant of Scots guards, noted for his slowness of speech and his variety of methods in concocting summer punches, was transfixed by a Zulu javelin and fell dying to the ground. The other officer raised him in his arms: "Aw, old chap-pie, the—ah—black person—has—lost—his—aw—what—the—deuce—aw—d'ye—call—it—aw—assegai—aw—a—slice—of—lemon would have—aw—vastly—improved—the beer cup—at—aw—luncheon. Take—aw—this—out—of—my—body—old fellow—ah—have—it—mounted—aw—for—a—billiard—cue—aw." And he died with the last "aw" on his lips.—Cor. Philadelphia Press.

The South During the War.

It will be surmised that the south was almost stripped of the luxuries of life toward the close of the struggle. This is a mistake. Adventurers were all the time running the blockade. There was nothing that our society ladies could not buy if they were willing to pay the price. We had no dudes in those days, but young men who wanted a stylish rig had no trouble in getting it. No doubt many of the articles smuggled through came from Yankeedom instead of from England and France. Some of the wide-awake brethren on the other side of the line operated a double schedule. They took federal contracts, and on the sly supplied the Confederates for a heavy cash consideration. We even had the time and inclination to smuggle books through the lines. Les Miserables, for instance, came through and Vice President Stephens and other leading men read the New York or Philadelphia edition long before the Richmond publishers issued it in five little brown paper covered volumes. If literature could run the blockade, it goes without saying that anything could.—Atlanta Constitution.

While in the White House.

If Cleveland is married he will be the first President married while in the White House. I mean the first president elected as such by the people. John Tyler was vice president, and became president only by the death of Harrison. Millard Fillmore married again, but it was after he left the White House. Cleveland and Buchanan are the only bachelor presidents we have had, though the widowers have been numerous. As yet no president has had a child born in the White House, and it may be that this honor is reserved for the present administration.—"Carp" in Cleveland Leader.

To Diminish the Noise of Anvils.

If it is desirable to set up an anvil so that its use will make the least possible noise, set the anvil on a block of lead, or make a putty ledge around the anvil upon the wooden block, one-half inch clear all round, one inch high. Raise the anvil clear of the block one-half inch, by any means available, pour in the lead until it rises above the bottom of the anvil; or set the anvil on a good bed of sand held in a box.—Scientific American.

The Archduke in Pasteur's Laboratory.

The Archduke Charles Theodore of Bavaria, brother of the empress of Austria, will study the inocculation system of M. Pasteur in the latter's laboratory at Paris. In his researches he will be assisted by his wife, who also bestows much personal attention upon his patients in his home practice.—Paris Letter.

An "American" Woman in China.

A Chinese merchant who has started from Portland for Hong Kong takes with him an Indian wife and three boys and a girl. At home he will probably introduce his wife as an American woman, and his relatives will be apt to form some rather queer ideas of the American people from this sample. The children speak English, Chinese, and the Indian dialect of their mother.

A HIGH-TONED BEGGAR.

THE MENDICANT PROFESSION IS NOT WITHOUT ITS DUDES.

An Interview with a Well-Dressed Young Beggar—An Explanation of His Methods and Success—The Various Kinds of Beggars in New York.

A young man, who did not look as though he had spent over a quarter of a century in this suffering world, turned out of Tenth street a few evenings since and sauntered down Broadway. His light overcoat covered a shapely form, which was crowned with a derby hat of recent style. A pair of eyeglasses bridged his nose, and the cord that connected them with the buttonhole of his coat was of black silk and the loop it made was graceful. One hand was hidden in a neat driving glove and from the other hand he dangled its mate. Altogether his appearance was that of a natty young man just returning home from a late call, for it was midnight. All this was noticed by a tired-out reporter, who was overcome with surprise when this exceedingly fine young man stepped up with: "Would you kindly assist me, sir, with a few pennies that I may get a lodging for the night?"

"What?" gasped the almost dumbstruck reporter.

"I am entirely out of funds. I have met misfortune," suavely responded the young man.

Without attempting a word, the person addressed pulled out a 10-cent piece. When the movement toward the pocket was made, the young man in want lightened his voice of the stress of care and feeling that pervaded it at first. "I only came over from England a month ago," he volunteered, "and am unable to find work. I am a machinist by trade. I have had no food since last night."

This latter observation was added when the silent transfer of the coin was made and its denomination became manifest in the bright rays of an adjacent electric light. He hesitated a moment. Then he touched his hat with a "Thank you" in a most polite fashion and quickened his pace down Broadway.

IN PURSUIT OF THE HIGH-TONED.

The loser by the transaction stood for a moment hesitating, then started in pursuit of the high-toned beggar. The latter did not even turn around, and as his pursuer drew near wafted forth a contented whistle. He finally came to a brilliantly-lighted saloon, into which he dodged with the familiarity of an old rounder. His follower caught him just in the act of tossing off a sherry flip, for which he had thrown down a 50-cent piece in payment. His check did not pale when he saw the reporter before him. Indeed he nodded his head in a sort of a greeting.

The young man was led to an adjoining table, and after a little persuading, told his method of doing the streets. "Since you have fairly cornered me, I will tell you about the business. I was once a hard-working young man, but owing to circumstances I was thrown out of business and compelled to find sustenance as best I could. I have a few decent rags left," and he glanced affectionately at the neat top-coat and nudged with his chin the rather flaming necktie that encircled an upright collar. "I had to get money somehow, and I took the method you have observed. I joined the ranks of the dude beggars. I am not ashamed of the term. A beggar is a beggar.

"Yes, there are others like me. You have not happened to meet them, that is all. Indeed, a little more and you would not have me, as I go to Washington tomorrow. Congress is in session, you know, and it is really about the best time to visit the capital.

"The success of my method—you are not the only one who has been kind to me to-night"—and the speaker proved the assertion without remark by giving his pocketful of coins a slap—"the success of my method is owing to the astonishment which affects those to whom I make my appeals. My appearance does not imply want or starvation, and when I tell my story the listener immediately concludes, as soon as he recovers himself, that I am telling the strict truth and have been caught without means. He goes away after making his donation feeling extremely well satisfied, and that he has at last hit upon a case deserving of true charity.

"Then, too, I am careful about my appeals. I do not couch them in pitiable language, but in keeping with my dress; they are dignified, straightforward stories of my trouble and reasons for asking pecuniary favors. They take as a rule. If I had been dressed in rags and with sunken cheeks and hoarse voice addressed you, you would have shaken me off and passed on commenting to yourself on the unavoidable nuisances of the streets."

The young man then arose, gave his mustache a twist, and with a bow of the head left the saloon, it is hoped to continue his journey to Washington.

HEARTRENDING EPISTLES OF WANT.

There are all kinds of beggers in New York, and while few with the original ideas and immeasurable cheek of the species represented above, yet plenty remain of a more groveling nature and common methods. The letter writers are a class that numbered a much larger clientage than was supposed till the Charity Organization society's systematic raid on beggars was made. The letter writers are genteel. They remain at home, and from a convenient desk, before perhaps an open fireplace, indite the most heartrending epistles of want and suffering. The busy merchant's heart is touched, and, without time to investigate, he incloses a bill and away goes the letter. It is singular how much money goes without any effort being made to ascertain if the beneficiary is worthy. There are many female letter writers, and of course the feminine chirography adds to the pitiable tale of woe.

The only safe way to treat beggars is to give nothing, and if they are young send them around to the Young Men's Christian Association lodgings on the Bowery or other charitable institutions. You need not be afraid of overcrowding the institutions. They won't go. Ladies do a great deal of harm in so generously dropping their small change in the beggar's box, and so the trade is kept up. A premium is put on the worst-looking beggar, and the old woman borrows some other woman's baby to make a show on the street.

Another class of mendicants is the permanent beggars, who are found in the same places week after week and month after month. They are mostly blind or apparently so, or are in some manner crippled, with a small musical box or diminutive organ. Summer evenings are whiled away, and the little tin cups resound often with pennies and nickels that are dropped in. Some of them are poor and use their earnings to live upon, but others are frauds.—New York Times.

An Early Post Office.

[Pittsburg Dispatch.]

A post office for letters to foreign parts was established "for the benefit of the English merchants" in the reign of James I, but the extension of the system to inland letters was left to the succeeding reign. Charles I, by proclamation issued in 1635, may be said to have founded the present post office. By this proclamation he commanded "his Postmaster of England for foreign parts to settle a running post or two, to run night and day, between Edinburgh and London, to go thither and come back again in six days, and to take with them all such letters as shall be directed to any post town in or near that road."

Ask Your Druggist for

Dr. BELL'S Medical Discovery

FOR

Weak, Nervous & Debilitated Men.

A Prompt, Positive and Permanent Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness, Premature Decay, and all **Urinary Troubles,** no matter how induced, or of how long standing. It restores to perfect health the YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED and OLD. This SPECIFIC is reliable, has never failed, or ever will fail, to CURE SPEEDILY AND THOROUGHLY, every case when used as directed, and the advice given is strictly adhered to. It is convenient in form, pleasant to take, and does not interfere with business pursuits. Endorsed by thousands who have used it. Be sure you obtain **Dr. Bell's Medical Discovery,** and take no other. Your Druggist will order it for you if not on sale, or by mail on receipt of

Price One Dollar.

Three to Five Packages will cure **obstinate cases** that have resisted every other form of treatment. Prepared only by

THE BELL MEDICINE CO.,

817 & 819 Broadway, New York.

aug18 1y

FIRE! FIRE!

TESTIMONIAL.

VANCOUVER, 23rd June, 1886.

MR. G. ROBERTSON;
Vancouver,
Representing Goldie & McCulloch,
Galt, Ont.

SIR,—We the undersigned having witnessed the terrible fire which wiped out of existence the young city of Vancouver, on the 13th inst. have, after, the fire, examined the safes sold by you, some of which were put to the most severe test, having been surrounded by large quantities of lard and bacon, and we are pleased to testify to the remarkable manner in which every Safe sold by you preserved its contents, not only books and papers, but also thousands of dollars in paper money were taken out in perfect condition. We can, therefore, with the greatest confidence, recommend them as thoroughly fire proof.

L. A. Hamilton, for the Canadian Pacific Railway Company; M. A. MacLean, Mayor; John J. Blake Stipendiary Magistrate; Rich'd. Alexander, Justice of the Peace; John Boultbee, Police Magistrate, City of Vancouver; Thomas Dunn, Justice of the Peace; Isaac Johns, Col.; Edward E. Rand, Real Estate Broker; R. Balfour, Alderman; John Rankin, Real Estate Broker; Rither & Edson, Royal Hotel; p.pro. H. F. Keefer, Contractor, C. P. R.; J. W. McFarladd, Port Moody, to Vancouver and English Bay; F. C. Innes & Co., Real Estate Brokers; A. W. Ross, Real Estate Broker; Gravely & Spinks, Real Estate Brokers; R. C. Ferguson, Hgr. R. C. P. Mills.

Garesche, Green & Co.

BANKERS,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

GOLD DUST & U. S. CURRENCY

PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

Sight Drafts & Telegraphic Transfers

San Francisco, New York & Canada.

Exchange on London.

Available in all parts of Europe, England Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

For Granite Creek.

THE undersigned is prepared to run a first class

SADDLE TRAIN!

From Coutlee's to Granite Creek

WILL LEAVE COUTLEE'S

Every Tuesday Morning

After the arrival of the mail from Spence's Bridge.

Returning, will leave Granite Creek EVERY THURSDAY MORNING.

Fare from Coutlee's to Granite Creek.....$7
Express freight...............7 cents per lb.

J. J. McDONALD,
Proprietor.

ap5 D & W1m

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, Etc.

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,

VICTORIA, B. C.

TOWN OF FARWELL

Lots for Sale.

ALLSOP & MASON.

oc19 6m

W. F. TOLMIE

Has some handsome SHORT-HORNS to show and will welcome visitors.

—FOR SALE—

QUENTIN, a Red Roan and White Bull, high grade; calved 21st August, 1885.

About 500 lbs. wool.

Cloverdale V. D.; P. O. Box 2?8, Victoria.
aug 22 1m D&W

Railways and Steamers.

The Canadian Pacific Railway

Is now open for Freight and Passenger Traffic and Trains are running through

Between Port Moody, Winnipeg, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal; Quebec, Halifax, St. Paul, Chicago,

And all points in CANADA and the UNITED STATES.

The equipment of this line is all new and of the highest class. Our Sleeping and Dining Cars are luxurious, and our First and Second Class Coaches marvels of comfort. The Cuisine of our Dining Cars is unequalled: every luxury of the season is served in them. We run the gamut of the finest scenery in the world—Mountains, Lakes, Streams and Prairie.

Smooth, well ballasted Steel Track. NO DUST. FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS

When Going East Purchase TICKETS via Canadian Pac Railway.

MARK AND CONSIGN YOUR FREIGHT BY THIS LINE.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car, Berths, and all information, apply at Office of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company (L'd.), Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C., or C. P. R. Agent, Port Moody.

G. A. CARLETON, Agent.

Hotels and Restaurants.

The Burrard Hotel,

Cor. Hastings St. & Columbia Avenue,

VANCOUVER, B. C.

Will Re-open about July 1st.

may 16 MARTIN & BALFOUR, Proprietors.

The Colonist Hotel!

BEACON HILL.

Lovely Scenery! Beautiful Surroundings!

A pleasant and healthful summer resort, overlooking Juan de Fuca Straits, and only one mile from the Postoffice, Victoria.

Families can be provided with suites of rooms at moderate charges. A first class Cook has just been engaged. Telephone call 547. mar22

Globe Hotel,

ESQUIMALT.

Board and Lodging moderate. Billiard Room attached.

No Chinamen employed.

aug7 tf DOYLE & FISHER, Proprietors.

California Hotel,

Cor. Washington and Adams sts.,

Port Townsend, Washington Ter

BOARD—Per Week, with Lodging, $5. Single Meals, 25 cents.

Best of accommodations' and everything in first class style. Billiard and Pool Table.

je9ly CAPT. C. GILBERT, Proprietor.

SUNNYSIDE HOTEL,

GRANVILLE.

FIRST-CLASS in every particular. Rates, $1.50 and $2 per day, according to accommodation. Special rates by the week or month. The largest and most commodious hotel on Burrard Inlet. Fittings and furnishings throughout new. A large number of guests can be accommodated.

oct5 H. HEMLOW, Proprietor.

The Gordon Hotel,

Johnson St., between Store & Wharf

WHERE "OLD BOB" will be found at his usual business of selling BAD WHISKEY, but good Cigars.

The undersigned cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

ROBERT McDERMOTT.

Victoria, January 8th, 1886. jan8

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

Southeast Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

VICTORIA, B. C.

Board and Lodging, per week.......$5.50 and $6.
Board, per week.......$4.50
Beds, per night.......50cts

No Chinese Employed.

The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

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With Steel and Monarch Cushions.

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BILLIARD MATERIAL

Ten Pin Alley Balls and Pins,

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GENERAL

PASSENGER AGENCY.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,

To or from Great Britain or the Continent.

Berths secured in advance by telegraph.

HALL & GOEPEL,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

C. B. ROBELEE,

Carpenter, Joiner and Contractor

WHARF STREET, near JOHNSON
VICTORIA.

All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

Houses built on the Instalment plan.

Charges Moderate,

oct10 m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co.

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 2,

Taking effect July 12, 1886.

Burrard Inlet Route.

VICTORIA TO

Port Moody and Vancouver,
Daily except Monday, at 2 o'clock.

Moodyville and Hastings
Wednesday and Friday, at 2 o'clock.

Port Moody to Victoria,
Daily except Monday, at 12:30 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria,
Daily except Monday, at 13:30 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA

For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island,
Monday at 2 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock.

Plumper Pass,
Friday, at 7 o'clock

Port Hammond,
Monday at 2 o'clock, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leaves Port Hammond for Victoria,
Monday at 15 o'clock.
Friday at 19 o'clock

Leaves New Westminst'r for Victoria,
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass,
Tuesday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Leaves New Westminster for Hope, Chilliwhack, Sumass, and way Landings.
Tuesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Leaves Hope for New Westminster and way Places
Monday and Wednesday at 3 o'clock.

Leaves Chilliwhack, 8 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 15 minutes faster than Victoria time.

G. A. CARLETON, GEN. AGENT. JOHN IRVING, MANAGER.

Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.

TIME TABLE.

Commencing Monday, Aug. 2, 1886.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at....	5:45 a.m.
Arrives at Townsend at	10:00 a.m
Leaves Townsend at	10:30 a.m
Arrives at Seattle at	2:30 p.m.
Leaves Seattle at	2:45 p.m.
Arrives at Tacoma at	5:45 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leaves St. Paul at	4:00 p.m.
Leaves Helena at	6:15 p.m.
Leaves Wallula at	10:50 p.m.
Arrives at Portland at	10:20 a.m.
Leaves Portland at	11:00 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	4:00 a.m.
Arrives at Seattle at	6:15 a.m.
Leave Seattle at	7:00 a.m.
Arrives at Townsend at	11:00 a.m.
Leaves Townsend at	11:30 a.m.
Arrives at Victoria at	3:30 p.m.

For further particulars, apply to

ROBERT IRVING,
General Ticket Agent.

Office—C. P. N. Co.'s building, Wharf street.

THE GREAT

OVERLAND ROUTE.

Northern Pacific R. R.

The only line running Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Magnificent Day Coaches and Elegant Emigrant Sleeping Cars, with Berths free of charge.

From Washington and Oregon points to the East via

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

The only Transcontinental Line running Palace Dining Cars. (Meals, 75 cents.)

Fastest time ever made from the Coast over the Northern Pacific Railroad to Sioux City, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Burlington, Quincy, St. Louis, Chicago, and all points throughout the East and Southeast, via St. Paul and Minneapolis.

EMIGRANT SLEEPING CARS

Are hauled on regular express trains over the entire length of the Northern Pacific R. R. Passengers can save $7 to $9 by buying through Eastern tickets from the Victoria Agent. No change of cars.

Leave Portland, going East, at 3 p. m. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul 12:30 p. m. (noon) fourth day.

Connections made at St. Paul and Minneapolis to all points East, South and Southeast.

Trains leave Portland for Tacoma at 11:45 p. m. daily, arrive at Tacoma 6:30 p. m., connecting with O. R. and N. Co.'s boats for all points on Puget Sound, arriving in Victoria at 9:20 a. m.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Gen. Western Pass. Agent
No. 2 Washington Street, Portland.

Robert Irving, Agent,
Victoria.

SECURE YOUR TICKETS

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Connecting with the N. P. R. R.

AT

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS

COMFORT, SPEED,
PLEASURE CHEAPNESS,

—ALL COMBINED.—

ROBERT IRVING, Agent,
Victoria.

CHAS. KENNEDY, Passenger Agent,
Portland, Oreg

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

THROUGH TIME TABLE

In effect July 20, 1886.

Read down		STATIONS.		Read up.
9:00		Lv. VICTORIA Ar.		10:30
13:00	6	Lv. Port Moody Arr.	446	12:00
13:32	12	Hammond	434	11:28
13:54	20	Warnock	426	11:06
14:21	30	Mission	416	10:39
14:48	40	Nicomen	406	10:12
15:18	49	Harrison	397	9:47
15:38	58	Aggasiz	388	9:22
16:05	68	Ruby Creek	378	8:25
16:27	76	Hope	370	8:35
17:05 17:15	90	De Yale De	356	7:55 7:45
17:57	102	Spuzzum	344	7:08
18:30 19:00	117	Ar North Bend De De Ar	329	6:30 6:00
19:39	128	Keefers	318	5:20
20:14	138	Cisco	308	4:49
20:35	[illegible]	Lytton	302	4:29
21:31	160	Drynock	286	3:37
21:52	166	Spence's Bridge	280	3:16
22:32	173	Spatsum	268	2:38
23:25	193	Ashcroft	253	1:43
24:15	[illegible]	Penny's	239	24:55
24:35	213	Savona	233	24:35
1:13	224	Cherry Creek	222	23:57
1:35	230	Tranquille	216	23:37
[illegible]	238	Arr Kamloops De	208	23:10
2:10	238	De Kamloops Arr	208	23:00
2:56	255	Ducks	191	22:06
3:38	271	Shuswap	174	21:24
4:36	287	Notch Hill	159	20:36
4:56	293	Tappen Siding	149	20:09
5:23	304	Salmon Arm	142	19:47
6:14	323	Sicamous	123	18:56
6:57	338	Craigellachie	107	18:13
7:45	350	Griffin Lake	96	17:25
8:25	358	Eagle Pass	88	16:50
9:10 9:35	367	Arr De Revelstoke De Arr	79	16:45 [illegible]
10:10	378	Twin Butte	68	15:35
11:05	388	Albert Canyon	58	14:15
11:40	395	Illecillewaet	51	13:40
12:35	404	Ross Peak Siding	42	12:35
13:13 13:28	410	Ar De Glacier Hotel De Ar	35	11:57 11:42
[illegible]	412	Rogers Pass	33	11:30
14:13	419	Bear Creek	27	10:57
14:56	429	Six Mile Creek	17	10:07
15:18	434	Beaver	12	9:45
16:00	446	Ar Donald De	0	9:10
19:55		Field		6:30
13:00		Calgary		22:50
11:05		Medicine Hat		14:05
22:45 22:55		Le Moosejaw Arr Arr Le		2:10 1:50
24:50		Regina		23:45
11:35		Brandon		15:10
17:10		Ar Winnipeg Lv		9:40
11:45		Port Arthur		15:10
7:30		St. Paul		19:30
7:00		Chicago		22:35
11:45		New York		18:30
8:30		Boston		19.00
17:30		Brantford		10:50
17:45		London		11:30
19:45		Hamilton		15:10
11:45		Toronto		17:00
4:38		Ottawa		23:45
8:20		Montreal		20:00
14:20		Quebec		14:20

PACIFIC

Mail Steamship Co.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS sail for

Hongkong via Yokohama,

City of Sydney	August 31, 2 p.m.
City of Rio de Janeiro	Sept 21, 2 p.m.
City of New York	Oct 9, 2 p.m.
City of Peking	Oct 30, 2 p.m.
City of Sydney	Nov 20, 2 p.m.
City of Rio de Janeiro	Dec 11 2 p.m.
City of New York	Dec 28, 1 p.m.

For New York via Panama,

Steamers will sail 8th, 15th, 23d and 30th of each month for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents.
aug 4 San Francisco.

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Physicians, Surgeons & Accoucheurs

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THE AMERICAN HOTEL,

ESTABLISHED 1869,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Rates $1 to $1.50 per day.

july13 T. J. BURNES.

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HARRIS & HARGREAVES,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, AND ARCHITECTS.

S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs VICTORIA, B. C.

Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings.

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Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer, Rent and Debt Collector.

Money loaned. Business promptly attended to. P. O. Box 458. nov9

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Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Bastion street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 50.

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MERCHANTS.

H. C. BEETON & Co.
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Wharf Street,
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Engines and Boilers of every description. Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc.

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SPECIALIST,

Proprietor & Consulting Physician of the Only Private Dispensary on the Pacific Coast, now permanently located at

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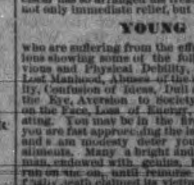

DR. VANMONCISCAR has made the treatment of **Private Diseases of Men** a special study and practice for many years. Over 4000 cases treated yearly. Recent cases of **private diseases** cured in a short time. **Ulcers, Humors and Blotches on Face or Body** cured without giving **Mercury** or other **Poisons. Mercury** is the **curse** of the **human race.** Your children will suffer from its effects. Avoid it as you would avoid **any deadly Drug,** and use no more. These diseases are being cured at this Dispensary without **Mercury.**

DR. VANMONCISCAR

is a graduate of a regular Medical College, is well known over the United States and Canada by

Thousands of Old and Young Men he has Cured.

and it is a well known fact that for years he fined himself to the study and treatment of Sexual and Chronic Diseases, thus giving him advantages few possess. Dr. Vanmonciscar addresses himself particularly to those who have already tried various physicians and remedies from whom they have received no benefits, and who, in fact, have done them more harm than good. Medicine, like all other sciences, is progressive, and every year shows proof of its advances. By a combination of remedies of great curative power, Dr. Vanmonciscar has so arranged his treatment that it will afford not only immediate relief, but permanent cures.

YOUNG MEN

who are suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretions showing some of the following symptoms: Nervous and Physical Debility, Impotency (Incapacity) Lost Manhood, Abuses of the system, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Dull and Loss of Brilliancy to the Eye, Aversion to Society, Despondency, Pimples on the Face, Loss of Energy, and Frequency of Urinating. You may be in the first stages, but remember you are fast approaching the last. Do not let false pride and sham modesty deter you from attending to your ailments. Many a bright and naturally gifted young man, endowed with genius, has permitted his case to run on and on, until remorse racked his intellect, and finally death claimed its victim. Remember that "Procrastination is the thief of time," lay aside your pride, and consult one who thoroughly understands your ailment, and who will know your case, and find permanent relief for an ailment that has made day a drudgery and night hideous. Thousands upon thousands of men in good standing in the social world, of prominence in the world are to-day suffering from the fruits of their doings, the seeds of which were sown during moments of thoughtlessness. Young man turn and gaze upon thy companion, or seek the mirror for proof to substantiate this fact. Oh! could he control the arm of Fate, or had he his life to live again, then I could not appeal to you more sincerely. Let your mind wander back to the much cherished councels of a loving father, and remember what you are to-day. Though you may for the present fill your station in society, the time is as inevitable as fate when your brilliancy will, like a flash, depart, leaving you a stranded wreck—desolate, forgotten and lost; so embrace the opportunity and enjoy life and happiness longer. If you claim to be a man, act your part manly. Do not console yourself with the thought that Nature will help itself, for in doing so you not only fan the flame, but wreck Nature and yourself. Remember, "Large oaks from little acorns grow;" "Little ills germinate fatal diseases."

Middle-aged Men,

[illegible] or single, who are prematurely old as a result [illegible] or youthful follies, and who are troubled by [illegible] frequent evacuation of the bladder, often accompanied by a silent smarting or burning sensation, and finding a deposit of ropy sediment in the urine, and sometimes small particles of albumen will appear, or the color will first be of a thin or milkish hue, and again changing to a dark or torpid appearance, causing nervous debility and loss of Vitality. Remember, this is the second stage of Seminal Weakness. In all such cases a perfect cure is guranteed, and a radical restoration of the Genito-Urinary Organs. All interviews and letters are sacredly confidential; medicines packed so as not to excite curiosity, and sent by express, if full description of case is given; but one personal interview in all cases preferred. Patients treated by case or monthly. Call early and avoid crowding. Office hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Sundays, 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents.

PURCHASE, SELL AND LEASE PROPerty, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to

REAL ESTATE.

Maps showing the various districts in the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their offices. fe13

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, Sept. 4, 1886.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

While the TIMES is always prepared to give publicity to the views of correspondents on any question of interest to the public, provided facts are given, couched in unobjectionable language, we wish it to be understood that we do not hold ourselves responsible for the views expressed by the writers thereof.

Nor can we give room to duplicates of letters that have appeared in our contemporaries either in this city or elsewhere in the province. Correspondents, therefore, will save time and trouble in preparing such for THE TIMES, as they will be rejected.

Our space is valuable, and brevity, as far as possible, should be observed in writing on any topic, and on ONE SIDE of the sheet only.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—The Clarence opens this evening.

—Skating with music at the rink this evening.

—Money saved by having your plans made by FISHER, the ARCHITECT

—The Freemasons of New Westminster are contemplating the erection of a fine hall.

—The Northern Pacific railroad's earnings for July were $1,100,025 against $1,000,091 for the same period last year.

—Maple Syrup and Maple Sugar, direct from the groves at Freligsburg, at NEUFELDER & ROSS. *

—The Vancouver *News* sighs for credit and for fame. It will probably secure both in due time.

—Fidelity Hams and Bacon are the best in the market, at NEUFELDER & ROSS. *

—The Inland *Sentinel* published at Kamloops has been sold by Mr. M. Hagan to H. McCutcheon & Co.

—The only drunk in the police court to-day was too modest to appear, preferring instead to forfeit his bail.

—In our report of the Clarence hotel yesterday, Mr. John Weiler was credited with the upholstery work, etc. It should have been Messrs. Anderson & Hastie.

—At auction by W. R. Clarke to-day, ten horses and two mules were sold at prices satisfactory to all concerned.

—The sale of seats for Minnie Hauk's concert is progressing rather slowly at Waitt & Co.'s store. Already ninety seats have been sold at $1.50 each.

—DENTISTRY:—W. J. Quinlan, D. D. S., has removed to the rooms formerly occupied by Dr. West, over Denny's store, Victoria Block. *

—Blessed Victoria. While earthquakes have been shaking up cities from the Atlantic to the Pacific Mother Earth deals kindly with us in the Queen City of the Pacific.

—North Pacific's consignees: A Ofner, B C P & S Co, Holmes, Hastings S M Co, J Weiler, Langley & Co, Neufelder & Ross, Russell & Co, T Earle, Vaid & Co, W Urquhart, J Parker.

—There was a rumor on the streets of Vancouver that the injunctions on the property between that city and Port Moody had been settled with the owners by the railway company for $30,000.

—The people of Nicola are complaining about a want of mail accommodation. A few hundred dollars should not stand in the way of rendering justice to a large and growing section.

—A man named Charles Kent was arrested at Kamloops for the murder of J. Gillies, and after the examination of a number of witnesses was remanded for eight days.

—The electric light building, Yates street, is open to visitors for inspection just now. It is well worth while visiting the place and see the machinery in motion.

—The lady barber is at present employed by Mr. Jas. Cohen, Yates street, so now be happy all ye young men who want a shave or your locks cut by delicate hands.

—Mr. Andrew J. Gray has severed his connection with the Albion Iron Works, and this evening will be presented by the employees of the company with a handsome testimonial and complimentary address.

—Wm. Geo. Broughall, of Winnipeg, has secured a copyright for the burlesque play in Grand Opera entitled, "The Tearful and Tragical Tale of the Tricky Troubadour, or The Truant Tracked—a Topical and Tuneful Tradition."

—F. C. Innes & Co., Real Estate Brokers, and Financial Agents, Vancouver, B. C., attend promptly to all enquiries about the terminal city; *Free Reading Room* for use of strangers arriving in Vancouver. *

—Mr. D. K. Robertson, of Kamloops, reports that Mr. W. Livingston picked up at Slate Creek a nugget valued at $215. Some places at Granite Creek are doing pretty well, but in most cases fall short of expenses.

Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B. C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References. *

—The best killing of the season has been made by Messrs. Wm. White, Otto Weiler, and Chas. Doering, three local hunters, who during a two days trip in the vicinity of Goldstream killed seven large bucks, one smaller one and one doe, besides a number of grouse. They are hunters from the word go.

—Ah Lee, the master of a Chinese schooner, was arrested yesterday for having in his possession 650 deer skins, contrary to the provisions of the game laws. The prisoner and the skins were in court this morning, but were remanded until Monday. Mr. S. P. Mills appeared for the defence.

—The Victoria press agent exhibits a very vivid imagination in his telegrams to the associated press. Witness the following: "There is nothing in the report that Sir Charles Dilke is in the province. It is an Irish Home Rule hoax to annoy an Irish landlord named Tatlow, who lately came over the Canadian Pacific." What sins those Irishmen have to answer for!

—Owing to the crowded condition of the steamer Evangel she could not carry more than half the freight offered for shipment east from Seattle over the Canadian Pacific. There are enough shingles on the wharf to load her on her next trip. These shingles are made on the Skagit river and sent to the Seattle Hardware Company, who ship them to the Eastern States over the Canadian Pacific.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The steamship Mexico which sailed today, carried the following passengers from Victoria: Mrs A Mendes, G A Keller, N. Gerry, J S Faber, Mrs Winstanley, G Addison, Mrs S Levy and 2 children, Mrs N D Sickles, Joseph J Ibbotson, F B Logan, Nelly E Tuelwell, D W Morrow, Jim Smart, R A Thain, T W Wilson, Graham, Borton, J McCray and 25 in the steerage.

The sporting season is fast approaching when Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey's world-renowned *SPORTING POWDER* will be in large demand. Dealers should secure their supplies in good time from MESSRS. ROBERT WARD & Co., the wholesale agents for B. C.

AN ANCIENT RELIC.

A few days ago when digging for a well on the premises of the Hon. T. B. Humphreys, and when at a depth of six or seven feet under ground, the workmen came upon a relic of a pioneer race. The article is a well-preserved piece of steel-mail, sufficient to cover one arm down to the elbow and the side or breast. It is made of small links of steel one-third of an inch in diameter and apparently is in as good order as when made. It is possibly a relic of the early Spanish adventurers who, several hundred years ago and long before Vancouver circumnavigated the Island visited this portion of the world; but a more reasonable explanation still is that it came originally from Japan. Mr. Gabriel, of the Bazaar, says the workmanship is undoubtedly Japanese, as shirts of mail of a similar design are not uncommon as curios in that country. It is an historical fact that the Japanese were, centuries ago, constant visitors to the American coast, and if we mistake not Brancroft traces the descent of the Eskimo race from that people. At one time there was, comparatively speaking, a considerable trade between the peoples of the two coasts, and it is not improbable that the piece of mail, now after the lapse of several centuries brought to light, was at one time worn by one of the valiant warriors of that ancient and peculiar people.

THE SPROULE CASE.

Among the principal points, says the Ottawa *Free Press*, involved in this case are whether Mr. Justice Henry had any jurisdiction in the matter after the full court of British Columbia had remanded the prisoner for execution upon the argument on the writ of error, if whether the court of British Columbia were without jurisdiction either first because the order for a change of venu was not sufficient, or because the commission of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery was issued by the lieutenant-governor in council and by the governor general. It is probable that the first question the Supreme Court will have to consider is whether they have jurisdiction to hear a motion to set aside the writ of *habeas corpus* issued by Mr. Justice Henry, if they have then they will probably consider, the other points involved.

Mr. A. F. McIntyre speaking in reference to the case, said there could hardly be any doubt that the decision of Mr. Justice Henry would be sustained in the event of which an appeal would in all probability be made to the Privy Council.

Mr. Sinclair, of Gormully & Sinclair, the Ottawa agents for the prosecution, was also of opinion that in the event of defeat the British Columbia government would appeal to the Privy Council.

A MANITOBA PLATFORM.

The Winnipeg Conservative convention adopted the following resolution as its platform:

First—Loyalty to British connection. Second—Endorsation of the C. P. R. policy of the government. Third—Approval of railway extension secured through the local government. Fourth—That the interests of the country demand a continuance in power of the Conservative party. Fifth—A declaration in favor of a railway to Hudson's Bay. Sixth—Declaring satisfaction with Honorable John Norquay's better terms. Seventh—Urging measures for the settlement of vacant lands; the proportion of immigration and encouragement to mining, manufacturing and kindred enterprises calculated to promote the interests of the province. Eight—Economy in every branch of the Public service. A resolution was passed urging the establishment of a Conservative morning paper, and a committee was appointed in regard thereto.

ANTI-CHINESE RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were adopted at a meeting at Juneau. Whereas, the recent departure of Chinese in a quiet, peaceable and orderly manner from the camps of Douglas Island and Juneau, meets with out entire approbation; and whereas, through the usage of custom, the residents of mining camps have always been allowed to decide what constitutes a bad and injurious element and to eliminate any such element from its midst; therefore be it

Resolved, That the residents of Douglas island and Juneau having decided Mongolian labor to be an injurious element, we entirely approve of their departure from our camps, and that we shall in future use all legitimate means possible to prevent them from residing among us.

JOHN TIMMEN, Chairman,
HORACE B. STEVENS, Secretary.

FROM BEHRING SEA.

The sealing schooner Pathfinder, Capt. O'Leary, arrived last evening from Behring Sea with 2000 skins on board. The captain reports that on August 4th, when about 125 miles from the Island of St. Paul, the American Cutter Corwin hove in sight and followed the schooner for two days and a half, evidently with the intention of capturing her. The captain of the schooner thought it best to give the Cutter a wide berth and never allowed her to come within gun shot during that time. The American schooners City of San Diego and Vanderbilt, were deprived of their arms by the commander of the Corwin. The schooner Mary Ellen was spoken July 26th, all well.

A report reached us that the Theresa, owned by Capt. Troop, has $30,000 worth of seals on board. Although almost incredible, it is not impossible that it may be true.

CHINESE PROSTITUTION.

Supt. Bloomfield and three officers visited Chinatown last night and arrested the keeper of a house of prostitution, named Tai Ho. A young girl, about 12 years old, named Gook Lang, was found an inmate of the house, and from the evidence of Chinamen and the appearance of the child, which still bore the marks of ill-treatment, it was manifest she was forcibly detained for immoral purposes. The little girl was removed to the barracks and cared for by the police and the old hag was taken to gaol. In court to-day she pleaded not guilty and was remanded until Monday.

COMING TO BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bishop McIntyre, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, accompanied by Rev. Fathers James Æneas McDonald, Gregory McDonald, Allan McDonald and D. J. Gillis, have started on a trip over the Canadian Pacific to Victoria. The party will probably visit San Francisco and Denver on the return trip. Archbishop Lynch, who has been visiting Prince Edward Island, will accompany the party to Toronto. He is greatly improved in health.

TEMPERANCE LECTURES.

Mrs. Youmans, the earnest and eloquent temperance worker and lecturer, will lecture on temperance at Blue Ribbon hall to-night at 8 o'clock, and at the Pandora street Methodist Church tomorrow (Sunday) evening at 8 o'clock after church service. Mrs. Youmans has we are glad to learn, fully recovered from her recent indisposition. All are invited to attend.

CASSIAR ELECTION.

The official return of the vote polled in Cassiar is as follows: J. Grant, 37; W. H. Dempster, 34; spoiled ballot, 1. Grant's majority, 3.

A $10,000 PRESENT.

Supt. Egan Leaves the Canadian Pacific—General Regret at His Departure.

On Tuesday last Mr. J. M. Egan severed his connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway. From the employees extending from Port Arthur to Donald he received an address, accompanied with a jewel box, with a transparent lid, underneath which was observed a check for $10,000 on the New York branch of the Bank of Montreal. This was the aggregate of the voluntary contributions of the employees within the division named. Addresses and presentations were made by the Council of Winnipeg, the board of trade, the C. P. R. Library Association, the grain merchants and other associations. Mr. Egan was taken by complete surprise at the munificence of his admirers. He made brief characteristic replies to each address. As that gentleman has many friends and ex-employees on this coast we reproduce part of his speech:

Nearly five years have passed from the time I first became associated with you in this great enterprise, and during that period, if success has attended any of my efforts, to you and those who are with you does that credit justly belong. Gentlemen, I know that in leaving here, men remain who would do honor to any position within the province of a railway to give, men who at all times and at all hours, day or night, were ever ready to perform the duties entrusted to them in a manner that met the approval of their superior officers and commendation of the patrons of the line. Men no matter how severe the climate, how many the hours required of them to remain on duty, performed their part with a cheerfulness that places them at the head of the list for perseverance and attention to the interest of their employes, regardless of their personal discomfort. At times I have addressed many of you in a manner perhaps more vigorous than polite, and used language that may have surprised you, but none of you felt more grieved than I did after the anger had passed away. No doubt your feelings have been badly wounded at my action, and I trust the same is now forgotten by you. Wherever I may go, in whatever position I am placed the time I have spent among you will always be remembered, and I earnestly hope that success will crown the efforts of each one of you in the future. I bespeak for my successor to receive from you the same fidelity to the company's interest that has characterized your dealings with me. I will not be far away. I expect to visit you often, and will watch your progress individually and collectively with a feeling of interest and pride. Gentlemen, I certainly cannot describe my feelings towards you and trust that you will accept from me in return for all the kindness shown, my most grateful and sincere thanks, and further you will convey to those under you the gratitude I feel towards them.

MR. W. C. VAN HORNE,

who was present, made a few remarks. He said "Mr. Egan's resignation has been a matter of very deep regret to the directors of the company and myself. I have felt very strongly the value of Mr. Egan's services to the company. His fidelity to the company's interests, and his intelligent discharge of his duties have removed from my mind anxiety for the western division to such an extent that I feel his loss very seriously. If the C. P. R. could have done anything to retain Mr. Egan it would have been done. But his remaining with us was not a matter of dollars and cents. If it were a question of salary, we would have given whatever would have been necessary to retain him. I regret, and every director of the road regrets exceedingly his going.

MR. EGAN'S SUCCESSOR.

Mr. Van Horne stated that Mr. Egan's successor would be Mr. W. Whyte, who began his railroad career in Stratford, Ont., the late general superintendent of the eastern division. Mr. Van Horne said that "Mr. Whyte, feeling that his health might be improved by living in the Northwest it was deemed only just to give him the preference. I have known Mr. Whyte for a number of years, and I always found him a most pleasant and agreeable gentleman, most just and fair in his judgments. As to the western division I can only say that the directors as well as myself look upon it with a sort of special pride. It is our own work entirely, whereas the eastern division is largely made up of other roads absorbed by the company. I, myself, take a very great pride in the western division on account of its high class of officials. There are on this division more able men than any railway with which I have ever been connected or of which I have any knowledge."

CONJURING UP DIFFICULTIES.

In dealing with the possibilities of the ocean transit from Vancouver to Japan and China, the *Journal of Commerce* seems to fear that the navigation would offer certain dangers, such as submarine eruptions and banks of coral. And of these dangers it warns British shipbuilders and shipowners. The objections raised are simply absurd, especially in an age when seafaring, with all the experience of the ages behind it, has made conquests in every sea, even to the far off frozen north and the regions of an arctic desolation. That rivalry will present obstacles against the attainment of what Canadians must regard as the rational complement of their interoceanic railway was only to be expected. That some of the opponents to the scheme will have their imaginations quickened by self interest is not to be wondered at, and that English newspapers, so strangly liable, seeing that so much of the globe is English ground, to be imposed on in matters of geography, should repeat those hostile stories, may also be looked for. But that they wi l prevent the establishment of direct and regular traffic between British Columbia and the east there is no reason to fear.

A LAND OF IMMENSE THINGS.

In the garden of the Hon. John Robson, James Bay, is to be observed some beautiful flowers and plants. British Columbia is a land of "immense distances," and immense mountains; an immense timber growth; immense mineral and other resources; immense rivers and streams; an immensely beautiful climate; immense roads and drives; immense fish and fisheries. Now comes the sun flowers in the gardens of the Provincial secretary, equally immense with all our other great things. Mr. Robson takes pride in the fact that he can eclipse anything in that line hitherto heard of. From one seed in his garden has grown a family of sun flower plants that really are amazing; in height they are eleven feet; already no less than 23 in full bloom with as many more budding, to be out in a few days. The largest of these flowers is 46 inches in circumference. We challenge the world for sun flowers.

A KEEN CONTEST.

Private despatches received in this city indicate that the contest in Haldimand County, Ontario, now pending, will be one of the keenest that has taken place in Ontario for years. The government are using every effort to carry the district which has been represented by a Liberal since 1841.

SPORTSMEN.

Leggings for hunting;
Grain, tan and canvass;
Button, buckle and navy laced, at the
B C BOOT & SHOE STORE,
H. MANSELL.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Hon. W. Smithe has gone to Kootenay.

Mr. John Reid (Reid & Currie), New Westminster, will leave for the east in a few days.

At the Oriental: R. Steel, G. Boston, G. F. Oliver, Winnipeg; John Marwick and G. Anderson, New Westminster.

Earl of Kingston and Mr. Tatlow arrived from Vancouver last night and are stopping at the club.

At the Driard: C. D. Rickard, Brandon; F. C. Hahn, San Francisco; F. C. Ambridge, Winnipeg.

Mr. Chas. Kennedy, general western passenger agent Rock Island and Pacific and the famous Albert Lea railways is in the city.

Mr. John Robertson, Vankleek Hill, and Messrs. Hodgson and son returned east this morning.

Messrs. James F. Lister and Lewis Wigle, M. Ps., are on their way to this city over the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Mr. H. Webb has rented his farm at Chilliwhack for a year and intends to leave early next month for a visit to his native place in England.

Col. Houghton, D. A. G. at Winnipeg, and formerly of this city, arrived here last evening, and with Mrs. Houghton is a guest at the residence of Mr. R. Dunsmuir.

Mr. A. E. Kidd, representing McCall's New York bazaar glove fitting pattern, is in this city. Mr. Kidd's headquarters are in Toronto. He came over the Canadian Pacific and returns by the same route. He speaks in the warmest terms of the line, the country traversed and the people of this province.

W. C. Matthews returned to Victoria yesterday from a trip down the Sound and to Portland. He was very favorably impressed with the Sound cities, especially so with Seattle. Portland, he believes has a great future before it. The wealth of its merchant princes is vast, whilst its central position and location must always make it a very commanding city. The business men are active, energetic, enterprising and fully alive to the importance of keeping abreast the times. Mr. Matthews will remain in Victoria till the middle of next week.

Senator Kaulbach, of Lunenburg, N. S., arrived from the east last night and is stopping at the Driard. As the name indicates the senator is of German descent, his ancestors for many generations having occupied prominent positions in Nova Scotia. He is 56 years of age, a member of the Nova Scotia bar, an extensive land proprietor and ship owner, and a Conservative in politics. With others the Senator has a large interest at Port Moody. He will remain in Victoria for a day or two. Mrs. Kaulback accompanies the Senator and both are registered at the Driard.

Passengers by the North Pacific: Mrs Masters and 3 children, Miss M Jackson, Miss S Jackson, Miss Morrison, Miss Galaher, Miss Elliott, G Elliott, Mrs Hastings and child, Mrs Bennett, J Price, G Elliott, Miss Elliott, J S Wallace J Wallace, H C Smith, C Huggins.

PRESENTATION.

Mr. William Lorimer, last evening, on behalf of a number of his Scottish friends, presented Mr. Thomas Russell, City Treasurer and an active member of the St. Andrews and Caledonian societies, with a beautiful gold headed walking cane. Mr. Russell was quite taken by surprise, and in accepting the gift thanked the donors for this token of the appreciation of his services to the society and their esteem of him as a citizen.

FUEL FOR STEAMSHIPS.

The subject for reducing the cost of fuel for propelling the large Atlantic steamships to the minimum has for some time occupied the attention of the managers of those lines. Experiments have been made with oil in that direction, but from Glasgow, according to the *Shipping World*, comes evidence of an unmistakeable character that oil has been tried and found wanting. The managers of the Laird Line, after a long trial of oil on board one of their steamers, have decided, on purely economic grounds, to abandon altogether the use of it as a fuel, having ascertained from practical tests extending over a considerable period that coal is the cheaper fuel of the two. Accordingly they have had the oil tanks taken out of their vessel, and have returned to the use of coal, notwithstanding the fact that the oil tanks and the apparatus for accomplishing complete combustion of oil cost a considerable sum of money. Although considerable ingenuity has been displayed, and several difficulties have been overcome, there is nothing in the latest apparatus and arrangements which have been adopted in south eastern Russia, where petroleum has been extensively used as fuel, which appears likely to expedite the adoption of liquid fuel in the mercantile marine.

Damiana is a Mexican Herb and comes from La Paz.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, N. Y. 1st

The sportsman in purchasing his powder should be specially careful in seeing that he gets from his dealer the GENUINE PACKAGES or Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey. Very inferior powder is often sold at apparently cheap prices under the name of *DIAMOND GRAIN*, but Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey are the original manufacturers and proprietors of the justly celebrated *DIAMOND GRAIN POWDER.*

BUTTER--BUTTER--BUTTER.

In Tubs of Different Sizes, Pails and Cases,
Will be sold in quantities and at prices especially suited for

FAMILY TRADE.

Call and see for yourself. De Cosmos' Block, Government Street. aug26 tf

Winsor and Newton's Artists' Materials.

Cheap Copying Presses. — Blank Books.

P. O. Box 358. — *Telephone 134.*

ROBERT JAMIESON,

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

Dennison's Seals, Labels and Tags.
Faber's Rubber Goods, Pencils and Penholders.
Gillott's and Esterbrook's Pens.
Admiralty Charts and Nautical Books.
A Large Stock of Cheap Literature of all kinds.
Cage's School Books.

Sole Agent for Thomas' Inks, Mucilage, &c.

OTTAWA *Journal*: A billy goat in Quebec was seen to be chewing a piece of paper. A curious bystander went up to the omnivorous animal probably expecting to find a Rielite newspaper organ in process of mastication. Judge of his howl of dismay when he saw the tail end of a ten dollar bill disappearing over the tongue of the goat. Even the four-footed animals in the provine of Quebec cannot be restrained from gobbling up the public money.

THE importation of cattle from the districts in the United Kingdom where pleuro-pneumonia exists, has been prohibited by proclamation in this week's *Canada Gazette*. The counties named are all in Scotland. Others will be included hereafter. This is a step that will meet with general commendation.

Among the many superior qualities of Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey's celebarted *DIAMOND GRAIN* powder might be mentioned its GREAT PROPELLING POWER, SAFETY IN USE, CLEANLINESS, REGULARITY OF EFFECT. These merits are appreciated not only by the sportsman in the field, but by victorious teams at international rifle matches at Wimbledon and Creedmoor, New York, who used Curtis's & Harvey's DIAMOND exclusively.

NOTICE.

Parties desirous of visiting Cowichan Lake can obtain the necessary means of conveyance by communicating with Jas. Kerr of Somenos, either by letter or telegraph, charges moderate. *

JUST RECEIVED.

A large and varied assortment of MOULDINGS, PICTURES, etc.
ANDERSON & HASTIE,
Fort Street.

THE HUNTING SEASON.

Now is the time to secure your Shoes for deer hunting at the
B. C. BOOT & SHOE STORE,
H. MANSELL.

GOSNELL'S SUGAR CURED HAMS are now ready at his store, corner Cormorant and Douglas streets. *

Artistic Binding executed in this Province ONLY by R. T. Williams; and out of the Province by the other (?) Binder, assisted by un-British Nepotism of the present Local Government.

NEW TO-DAY.

At Cost.

A CLEARANCE SALE AT COST
—OF—
Men's, Youths & Boys'
STRAW HATS,
Is Now Going on at the
GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING STORE
YATES STREET.
aug16 1m

Blue Ribbon Hall.

MRS. YOUMANS

Will deliver at 8 o'clock TO-NIGHT (Saturday), at the Blue Ribbon Hall,

A LECTURE ON TEMPERANCE.

All are invited. sep 4-1t

Cosmopolitan Hotel, KAMLOOPS, B. C.,

Is situate at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers, and is one of the most delightful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains.
sept4 1y J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

Shuswap Lake House,
(FRENCH BOB'S),
HOTEL AND GENERAL STORE,

First-class accommodation for travellers. The best brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Excellent stop-over place for tourists.
sept4 w 1y

MUSIC.

DIGBY PALMER
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC,

GIVES LESSONS ON THE PIANO, SINGing, and Thorough Bass.

PIANOS TUNED

By the year or singly.

Address—FORT STREET—or State, at T. N. Hibben's Book Store, Government street.
aug31 1m

Private Detective

AND ENQUIRY OFFICE. Enquiries of every description confidentially conducted. Correspondence to all parts of the globe.
PICKERING & CO.,
Victoria, B. C.
P. O. Box 634. Telephone 1. aug 4 1m

The Clarence,
CORNER
YATES & DOUGLAS STREETS,
VICTORIA, B. C.

Frank G. Richards, Jr., Lessee.

Tourists' Headquarters. New and Elegant in all its Appointments. Fully Supplied with all Conveniences of Modern Hotels. First Class in every respect.

PRICES MODERATE.
sept 3

GRAIN SACKS.

50,000,

In Bales of 1000 each.

FOR SALE BY
THOMAS EARLE,
WHARF STREET.
aug28 1m

Municipal Debentures.

Applications for Debentures to the extent of $75,000, issued by authority of the Water Works Loan Bylaw, 1886,

Also, $50,000 issued by authority of Streets and Bridges Loan Bylaw, 1886,

Will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 o'clock p. m. on the 28th day of September, 1886.

The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept any tender.

JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.

City Hall, Victoria,
27th August, 1886. aug27

TO BUILDERS.

Parties desirous of Tendering for a

WAREHOUSE

proposed to be erected for James Angus, Esq., in Cordova street, Vancouver, are requested to send in their names to me.

Tenders to be delivered at my office before 4 p. m. on Thursday, Sept. 9.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOS. C. SORBY,
Cordova Street,
Sept 2 4t Vancouver.

For Fort Simpson and Way Ports.

CARRYING HER MAJESTY'S MAILS.

THE FINE NEW SCREW STEAMER

"Barbara Boscowitz,"

Will sail from Spratt's Wharf
On SATURDAY, SEPT. 4,
AT MIDNIGHT.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEORGE E. MUNRO, Agent,
sept2 At J. D. Warren's office, Wharf tre t.

Preliminary Notice

To be Sold, at an early date, by Auction,

The Steam Schooners "Grace," "Dolphin" and "Anna Beck"; also the Sailing Schooners "W. P. Sayward" and "Rustler." sept 3

Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend making application at the next sitting of the Licensing Court, on the 15th inst, for a License for selling Wines, Liquors, &c., by retail at the Clarence Hotel, corner Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria.

F. J. RICHARDS, Jr.
September 1, 1886. sept1 td

Notice to Wharf Builders

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to noon, Monday, 6th September, for the removal of old, and the construction of NEW WHARF, SHED, CRIBBING, &c., on Messrs. Anderson & Co's property, south of Janion's Wharf, fronting Victoria Harbor.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
aug31 td JOHN TEAGUE, Architect.

Notice of Copartnership

THIS CERTIFIES that we have entered into a copartnership under the name and style of Anderson & Hastie, and will continue the Furniture business at the old stand of Anderson & Anderson, Fort street.

R. A. ANDERSON,
JAS. HASTIE.
Sept. 1st 1886. sept1 f

Canadian Pacific R'y.

FRESH WATER TERMINUS.

City of New Westminster

IMPORTANT

Auction Sale
OF
CITY RESERVES
AND
GARDENS.

A PUBLIC AUCTION will take place at the Colonial hotel, in the City of New Westminster, on

Saturday, Sept. 4th, 1886,

At 8 o'clock in the evening, when the following lots will be submitted to public competition, in accordance with "Land Sale By-Law, 1884, and amendments thereto," viz:—

GOVERNMENT OFFICE GARDENS.
Block A
Lots No. 3 and 4,
" 13 to 20 inclusive.
VICTORIA GARDENS—Block B.
Lots No. 3 to 6 inclusive.
Lots No. 8 to 20 inclusive
" 30, 35 and 36.
ST. PATRICK'S SQUARE—Block D.
Lots No. 4 to 8 inclusive.
" 10 to 30
ALICE GARDENS—Block E.
Lots No. 6, 8, 9 and 10.
CLINTON PLACE RESERVE—Block F
Lots No. 1 to 5 inclusive.
Lots No. 8 to 31 inclusive.
" 33 to 36,
ST. GEORGE'S SQUARE—Block H.
Lots No. 12 to 20 inclusive.
Lots 23 to 36 inclusive
ST. ANDREW'S SQUARE Block K.
Lots No. 7 and 8.
" 16 to 19 inclusive.
" 21 to 28 inclusive.
" 31 to 40 inclusive

The lots are mostly 66 feet by 132 feet.

TERMS 33⅓ per cent. on the fall of the hammer; 33⅓ per cent. in the three months; and the balance of the purchase money in six months from date Sale.

By Order.
A. J. ALPORT, C.M.C

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
New Westminster, August 19, 1886. aug 17-td

Canadian Pacific R.R.

Fresh Water Terminus.

CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

IMPORTANT

Auction Sale
—OF—
Merchants Square.

A PUBLIC AUCTION WILL TAKE PLACE at the COLONIAL HOTEL, IN THE CITY OF NEW WESTMINSTER,

On Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1886,

At 8 o'clock in the Evening,

When the following Lots will be submitted to Public Auction, in accordance with "Land Sale Bylaw, 1884," and amendments thereto, viz.:

Merchants Square, Block G,

Lots Nos. 1 to 12, inclusive.

TERMS—33⅓ per cent. on the fall of the hammer; 33⅓ per cent. in three months and the balance of the purchase money at six months from date of sale.

P. S.—Attention is called to the fact that the above property is near to the proposed Railway Station.

By Order, A. J. ALPORT,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
New Westminster, 20th Aug., 1886.
Aug 23-td

Dominion Government

SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITORS ARE REQUESTED TO PRESENT their PASS BOOKS at the office on Government street for insertion of the accrued interest at the 30th June, 1886.

JOHN GRAHAM,
Assistant Receiver-General.
Victoria, Aug. 7, 1886. aug7 1m

Stag & Pheasant Hotel,

Water Street, Vancouver.

Mr. Charles Doering

Takes pleasure in announcing that he has purchased Mr. B. Wrede's interest in the above Hotel and will hereafter conduct it on his own account and will be glad to see all his Victoria friends while in the Terminal City.

CHARLES DOERING,
Proprietor Stag and Pheasant Hotel,
aug21 1m Vancouver, B. C.

Concordia Hall,

DOUGLAS & YATES ST.

Until the arrival of another Company, a

Free Concert!

Will be given

EVERY EVENING,

By the accomplished . . anist, CHAS. PRINCE.
LAGER BEER FIVE CTS. p. r Glass.
[illegible]

Roller Skating Rink

NOW OPEN

Every Day & Evening.
sept 1

SEWING.

SEWING WORK DONE BY THE DAY, by a first-class London [illegible] can furnish London as well as [illegible] references. Apply at the Oriental Hotel. aug23 2w